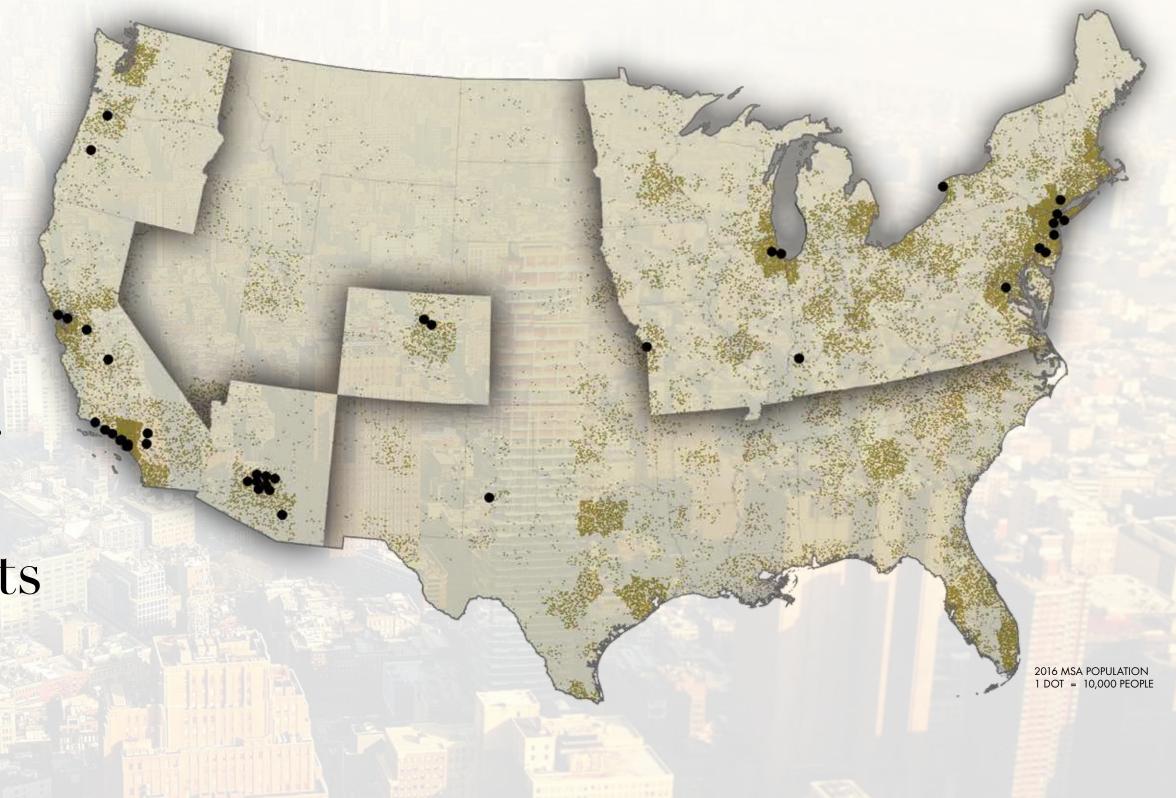




It is easy to get caught up in the headlines predicting the "death of the regional mall." But, at the same time, is anyone predicting that the desire for human beings to gather and play and interact in physical locations is going to dissipate? Is anyone predicting that the town centers, squares, plazas and high streets of great cities in the United States are becoming any less important? Of course not. In our digitally-connected world, the appetite to mingle and interact in person is greater Our vibrant properties, located in some of the most important gateway cities in the U.S., are places where people come together to share experiences and spend time. They are not a "product type" that has suddenly become functionally obsolete. These are the very cores and centerpieces of some of the most desirable communities in the entire country.

Fortress properties in densely populated yateway Markets





Apple is not only one of the largest companies in the world, but it is also one of the most innovative retail concepts anywhere. We enjoy a partnership with Apple at almost onehalf of our centers, and we expect that number to grow in the coming years.

I was recently impressed by a quote attributed to Angela Ahrendts, SVP of Retail at Apple. She was quoted as saying, "...we (Apple) need to open incredible places that almost behave like a town square, like a gathering place."

Apple certainly is one of those retailers that could have easily relied solely on digital channels to sell their products. However Apple realized early on that only in physical retail locations could they elevate their brand, and educate and create a bond with their customers and the community.

That's exactly what Apple does so well - and that's precisely what we do as a company.

Importantly, our "town squares" are located in densely-populated areas, where affluent consumers with significant disposable incomes live, work and play. According to Green Street Advisors, Macerich is the most "urban" of the mall owners they measure, as calculated by population densities within a 10-mile trade area. We have more than 1.1 million people residing within a 10-mile trade area of our town squares, double the perproperty average for the group of eight mall companies they cover. We have positioned ourselves literally within that coveted "last mile" of the country's great urban centers.

with a focus on focus on munity



### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

**BALANCE SHEET DATA** 

(ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA AND PER SQUARE FOOT AMOUNTS)

OPERATING DATA						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Total Revenues	\$1,041,271	\$1,288,149	\$1,105,247	\$1,029,475	\$797,517	
Shopping center and operating expenses	\$307,623	\$3 <i>7</i> 9,815	\$353,505	\$329,795	\$251,923	
Management companies' operating expenses	\$98,323	\$92,340	\$88,424	\$93,461	\$85,610	
REIT general and administrative expenses	\$28,21 <i>7</i>	\$29,870	\$29,412	\$27,772	\$20,412	
Gain (loss) on remeasurement, sale or write down of assets, net	\$415,348	\$400,337	\$1,496,576	(\$26,852)	\$228,690	
Net income attributable to the Company	\$516,995	\$487,562	\$1,499,042	\$420,090	\$337,426	
Net income per share attributable to common stockholders - diluted	\$3.52	\$3.08	\$10.45	\$3.00	\$2.51	

OTHER DATA						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Regional shopping centers portfolio occupancy	95.4%	96.1%	95.8%	94.6%	93.8%	
Regional shopping centers portfolio sales per square foot	\$630	\$635	\$587	\$562	\$51 <i>7</i>	
Distributions declared per common share	\$2.75	\$2.63	\$2.51	\$2.36	\$2.23	

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Investment in real estate (before accumulated depreciation)	\$9,209,211	\$10,689,656	\$12,777,882	\$9,181,338	\$9,012,706	
Total assets	\$9,958,148	\$11,235,584	\$13,094,948	\$9,038,972	\$9,280,997	
Total mortgage and notes payable	\$4,965,900	\$5,260,750	\$6,265,570	\$4,546,449	\$5,231,158	
Equity	\$4,427,168	\$5,071,239	\$6,039,849	\$3,718,717	\$3,416,251	
Common shares outstanding	143,985,036	154,404,986	158,201,996	140,733,683	137,507,010	

I would now like to turn to various topics where our views differ from others.

Let's start first with our share price and the overall perceptions about the future of the mall sector and Macerich. At today's share price, we believe the disconnect between the market's view and the prospects for our shares to be as great as I can remember. The only period when this disconnect was greater occurred in spring 2009 when the entire business world was askew. To address this current disconnect, we will continue to educate the broader markets and share the insights we have gleaned over 40 years of experience in this industry.

More importantly, we will act appropriately on this disconnect to repurchase our shares at what we see as a bargain price for our stockholders using the proceeds from the sale of non-core assets at a fair price.



Today, sensationalists grab headlines by predicting the "death of the mall." Our view is that we are not witnessing the "death," but rather the rightsizing of the mall industry to bring our supply to more of the global norm. Some predict this will result in 600 to 750 malls that will survive and thrive, and that these will be the malls "that matter."

We accept this new paradigm and see it as being very healthy for our portfolio. For Macerich, our retail properties are located in dense, urban gateway cities where the retail GLA per capita is already in line with market metrics and there is no need for contraction of supply. Add to that the

fact that we focus on high-barrier-toentry, bi-coastal markets and the laws of supply and demand for our assets remain very much in our favor.

Without question, it is important to discuss the department store industry. The Macy's announcement six months ago that it would close 100 stores unsettled the market. JCPenney's recent announcement that it would close 130 stores further validated the anxieties of the fearful.



Now under construction, an urban redevelopment in the heart of Center City will connect with millions of commuters, visitors and upscale residents.



Downtown Philadelphia Reimagined

Another retail breakthrough Destination

# Perception We embrace the opportunity to reinvent and reimagine our properties where an anchor decides to close.

SEARS

Once again, we see things differently. I view the pruning of any business through the exiting of less-profitable product lines and the reinvestment of management's time and capital into better growth opportunities as simply good business. In fact, Macerich has become much stronger as the result of pruning 20 centers from our portfolio during the past seven years and reinvesting the sales proceeds into growing our best assets. We applaud Macy's and JCPenney for finally following this path.

Frankly, if one subscribes to the belief that the regional mall inventory in the U.S. will shrink by 50% from 1992 through 2022, it should surprise no one if the department stores that anchor these centers were to likewise significantly reduce and rightsize their fleets. We would expect future rationalization to occur.

While we believe pruning is good for our industry and our department store partners, we also embrace the opportunity to reinvent and reimagine our properties where an anchor decides to close within our portfolio.

In fact, our initial work with Sears is an excellent example of this approach. We gained control of nine of our best Sears locations and have rights

to redevelop those boxes. While we have added Primark and downsized Sears by roughly 50% at two of these locations - including the highlysuccessful Primark openings in 2016 at Danbury Fair Mall and Freehold Raceway Mall - we anticipate the most valuable recycling of the balance will take place when we recapture the full 100% use of these boxes and the remaining seven Sears boxes. We also gained control and are redeveloping the former Sears location at Kings Plaza, which will become the new home for Primark and Zara as well as other anchor retailers.



A smart transformation at Kings Plaza.



Another dimension of the evolving retail landscape is reflected in specialty store closures. Given the rightsizing of the overall retail environment, it is not at all surprising to see specialty stores reduce the size of their fleets and, for some, to simply close. There has clearly been a trend in our centers for the amount of space allocated to specialty apparel and footwear retail to diminish and be replaced by other categories and offerings. These new uses include larger-format apparel retailers, more food offerings, more lifestyle retail, more health and beauty, more entertainment, and more retail-tainment uses.

The way we see our role: We are curators of space in our centers and as professional owners we are always engaged in the Darwinian nature of the retail business to benefit our company, our thriving retail partners, and our shoppers.

Recent store closings and bankruptcies of specialty stores have clearly produced headwinds affecting our business. Yet our occupancy levels and leasing spreads remain healthy, indicating demand for our betterquality portfolio. Our experience shows that these bankruptcies cause a short-term disruption, but over time are replaced with financiallyoffering more tenants, stronger

contemporary concepts and higher sales productivity.

Retailers in regional malls are continuing to change and evolve, producing winners and losers. The opportunities within centers also are evolving, as retailers seek to maximize their full-price, off-price and online strategies. We continue to see retailers such as Zara, lululemon, Victoria's Secret, Tesla, Sephora and Apple place increasing importance on "flagship" locations, which build brand identity and enhance the brick-andmortar retail experience. Many of these concepts did not have any significant presence in our malls as recently as 10 years ago.

### taking. Tonline Lnline

The digital world is a tremendous breeding ground for new retail stores in our well-located centers.

Etailers are also seeking out platforms within regional malls that offer the higher foot-traffic opportunities to acquire new customers and present their brands. Within our portfolio, we see names such as Blue Nile, Warby Parker, Peloton and b8ta aggressively rolling out brick-and-mortar locations as part of a well-conceived omni-channel strategy where the real world is the centerpiece. We anticipate this pool of tenants to grow during the coming years.

Today, and increasingly in the future, we see the digital world of retail as a tremendous breeding ground for new retail stores in our well-located centers. Even Amazon is now opening exciting book stores in our properties.

Just as catalogs were a source of new retailers for us 30 years ago (including Victoria's Secret), the Internet has and will continue to launch great retail concepts that seek out physical space in our centers.

This convergence of retail platforms now brings us to the now age-old debate about clicks versus bricks. While it is true that e-commerce has grown dramatically in recent years compared to off-line retail sales, it's worth noting that much of that digital commerce is being generated by legacy off-line retailers that are evolving into omni-channel; they are increasing their digital commerce to complement their stores. In other words, it's not "clicks

versus bricks" – consumers and retailers want a variety of options. Consequently, many retailers are growing their "buy online and pick up in store" and "buy online and ship from store" businesses.

It remains true that consumers still fulfill 90% of their purchases at real retail locations. They strongly prefer the immediate gratification and social experience of in-store shopping versus virtual consumption. It is also clear the retail store remains the preferred location for online returns, offering retailers another selling opportunity when the customer enters the retail

Amazon b8ta Blue Nile Chan Luu Combatant Gentlemen J.McLaughlin Ministry Of Supply Nespresso Peloton Sundance Warby Parker





Another popular industry headline that has contributed to weakness in our share price undoubtedly has to do with the perception that mall traffic is on a downward cycle. The thinking goes this will lead to declining retail sales per foot, which will negatively impact releasing spreads. This faulty argument then flows into a prediction of slowing or declining Same Store Net Operating Income. First, it is simply not true that traffic in our malls has declined significantly. When a retailer blames their poor performance on "poor mall traffic," it is often poor traffic in their own store that is the culprit. Usually this is driven by the fact that the retailer in question has lost touch with their customer and no longer offers merchandise that drives traffic to their

The simple fact is that the sales per foot (which must be related to traffic) in our malls has increased by more than 50% in the past six years from \$400 to \$630 per foot. We accomplished this by replacing our lower-producing tenants with the best and hottest retail concepts that are available.

This strategic activity produces strong releasing spreads of 15% on average, and we intend to continue to cultivate the best and most connected brands and introduce them to our "must-have" retail properties, ideally located in that all-important last mile of proximity to our shoppers.

An added misconception that has been percolating during the past couple months is that private market valuations for the best malls in America have significantly softened. There is absolutely no empirical or anecdotal evidence that this is true. And this makes perfect sense: More than 80% of the top 250 malls in the U.S. are in the hands of the top mall public companies with the balance owned by well-capitalized private entities. These trophy properties are impossible to replicate, and their locations in generally high-barrierto-entry markets make them hard to penetrate. Given that these centers are essential locations for retailers, it should come as no surprise that there are not a vast number of transactions to refute the current bear thesis because largely these centers are not for sale

If you dive further into the top 250 malls in the U.S. (those ranked A++ through A- by Green Street Advisors), you will find that Macerich owns 35 of these dominant centers. These A malls generate approximately 86% of our NOI and represent more than 90% of our estimated enterprise value.

The laws of supply and demand for fortress regional malls have clear impact: No new malls are getting built, owners are unwilling to sell, and global capital in the tens of billions of dollars is eager to co-invest in one of these great centers. There is, and will continue to be, a favorable balance between demand for fortress malls and supply of investment opportunities. This reality has sustained and will sustain, and possibly grow private market valuations, in our opinion.

Perfectly positioned Green Acres Commons.



Ultimately, we believe the "death of the mall" is nothing more than a sensational headline. It's certainly true that we and our retailers are currently feeling headwinds. But this will pass and we will see the ongoing introduction of uses that will enhance our "town squares" and continue to create dynamic gathering places for our communities and our shoppers. More than ever, these well-placed and inviting properties provide critical connection points for people and earn their place as economic engines and social hubs of their communities.

At the center of it all  $Tysons\ Corner\ Center.$ 





We do see things differently. This past September, we opened the expanded Broadway Plaza in San Francisco's upscale East Bay – a major redevelopment of an alreadyexceptional center that many owners would have left as-is. Instead, we

more than doubled mall shop space at this iconic center, adding 50 new stores, new parking decks and a new slate of shopper amenities.

This fall we also took steps to realize our view of the densely populated,

promising market where urban Queens meets upmarket Long Island suburbs. We opened the nearly fully leased, 350,000 square-foot Green Acres Commons, an open-air retail complement to our 1.8 million squarefoot Green Acres Mall.



Realizing what can be at Broadway Plaza.

# they See We

Macerich recognizes possibilities and brings proven expertise and insights to creating high-performing retail destinations.

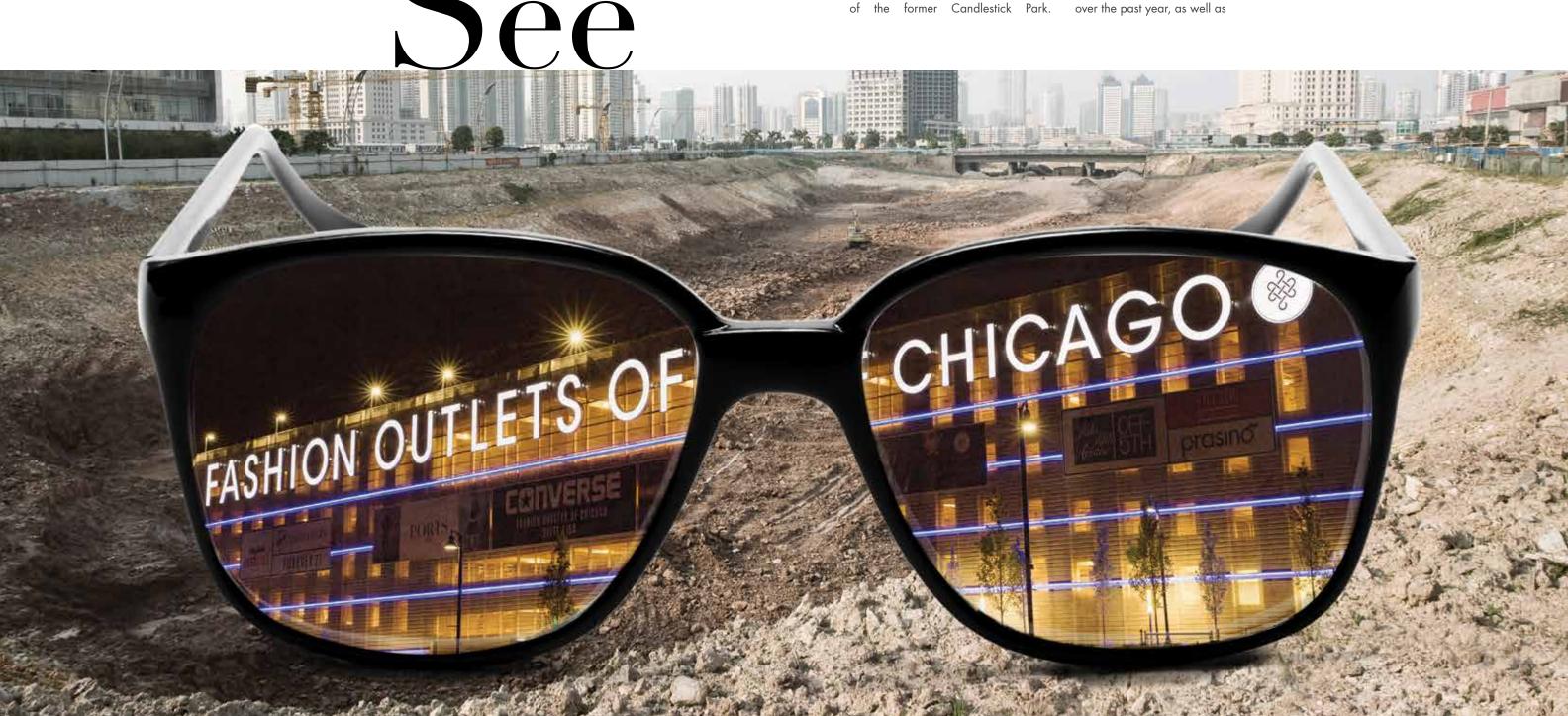
Our singular vision also extends to our pipeline of hand-picked outlet opportunities. Leveraging the strong success of the groundbreaking Fashion Outlets Chicago - built on a patch of industrial land minutes away from O'Hare International Airport - this unusual model of unique, close-in and amenity-rich outlets is driving our company's development in the heart of Philadelphia, and Fashion Outlets San Francisco on the site former Candlestick Park.

In closing, we certainly feel the pain along with you as stockholders regarding the downdrafts in our share price over the past six months. However, as I have detailed in this letter, our fundamental view of our business and our vision for its future are stronger and more positive than even six months ago.

I would like to thank our Board of Directors for their support and guidance over the past year, as well as

our talented and dedicated employees, and I look forward to connecting with all of you over the coming months.

Arthur M. Coppola Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

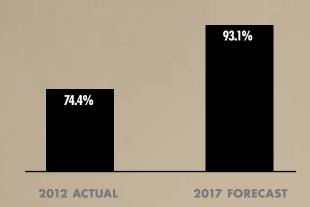




96.1%

95.4%

### PERCENT OF PORTFOLIO NET OPERATING INCOME FROM TOP 40 REGIONAL SHOPPING CENTERS



### RELEASING SPREADS %



### DIVIDENDS

2015

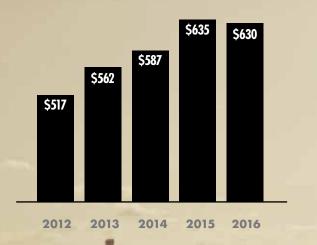
2016

DIVIDEND

SPECIAL DIVIDEND



### SALES PER SQUARE FOOT





100%

### SALES PER SQUARE FOOT BY PROPERTY RANKING

(UNAUDITED)

PORTFOLIO FORECAST 2017 PRO RATA NOI (c)	OTAL OCCUPANCY% % OF 12/31/16 (b)	SALES PSF 12/31/16 (a)	ROPERTIES
	90.1%	\$1,456	orte Madera, Village at
	98.5%	\$1,364	ueens Center
	99.5%	\$972	ashington Square
	94.9%	\$896	s Cerritos Center
	99.3%	\$884	orth Bridge, The Shops at
	98.4%	\$876	sons Corner Center
	98.4%	\$829	ltmore Fashion Park
	86.5%	\$808	anta Monica Place
	97.7%	\$772	shion Outlets Chicago
	n/a	n/a	oadway Plaza (d)
31.8%	96.8%	\$959	OTAL TOP 10:
	_	-20	GROUP 2: TOP 11
	94.7%	; \$751	rowhead Towne Center
- 1	94.6%	\$747	Encantada (Tucson)
//	96.4%	\$727	cottsdale Fashion Square
	95.6%	\$710	esno Fashion Fair
	95.4%	\$704	ntage Faire Mall
	95.2%	\$697	ngs Plaza Shopping Center
	97.6%	\$670	erland Commons
	95.2%	\$657	nandler Fashion Center
	95.9%	\$648	anbury Fair Mall
	98.1%	\$638	venty Ninth Street
25.1%	96.0%	\$695	OTAL TOP 11-20:
		-30	GROUP 3: TOP 21
	n/a	n/a	ountry Club Plaza
	93.5%	\$625	reen Acres Mall
	97.8%	\$613	eehold Raceway Mall
	94.0%	\$576	onewood Center
	95.3%	\$558	eptford Mall
	95.1%	\$550	atlron Crossing
	97.8%	\$539	ctor Valley, Mall of
	97.5%	\$522	anTan Village Regional Center
	95.6%	\$514	aks, The
	98.1%	\$489	and Center
	95.2%	\$565	OTAL TOP 21-30:

GROL	ID A.	TOP	21	-40
	1 - 1			

PROPERTIES	SALES PSF 12/31/16 (a)	TOTAL OCCUPANCY% 12/31/16 (b)	% OF PORTFOLIO FORECAST 2017 PRO RATA NOI (c)
Lakewood Center	\$482	98.3%	
West Acres	\$479	98.9%	
La Cumbre Plaza	\$469	85.2%	
Valley River Center	\$467	99.0%	
Pacific View	\$448	94.5%	
South Plains Mall	\$425	90.1%	
Superstition Springs Center	\$377	92.9%	
Eastland Mall	\$367	96.3%	
Fashion Outlets Niagara Falls USA	\$339	92.9%	
Desert Sky Mall	\$336	97.5%	
<b>TOTAL TOP 31-40:</b>	\$417	95.3%	13.6%
TOTAL TOP 40:	\$652	95.8%	93.1%

### **GROUP 5: 41-45**

NorthPark Mall SouthPark Mall Towne Mall Valley Mall Wilton Mall TOTAL 41-45: \$293 90.7%

### **CENTERS UNDER REDEVELOPMENT**

Downtown Philadelphia (d) (e) Paradise Valley Mall (d) Westside Pavilion (d) 48 REGIONAL \$630 SHOPPING CENTERS (f) 95.4% 98.3% COMMUNITY/POWER CENTERS AND VARIOUS RETAIL ASSETS 1.7%

**TOTAL ALL PROPERTIES** 

a) Sales are based on reports by retailers leasing mall and freestanding stores for the trailing 12 months for tenants which have occupied such stores for a minimum of 12 months. Sales per square foot ("PSF") are based on tenants 10,000 square feet and under.

b) Occupancy is the percentage of mall and freestanding GLA leased as of December 31, 2016. Occupancy excludes Centers under development and redevelopment.

c) The percent of portfolio 2017 Forecast Pro Rata Net Operating Income ("NOI") is based on guidance provided on February 6, 2017. NOI excludes: straight-line rent and above/below market adjustments to minimum rents. It does not reflect REIT expenses and net Management Company expenses.

See our Company's forward-looking statements disclosure under "Important Factors Related to Forward-Looking Statements" in our Form 10-K included herein for factors that may affect the information provided

d) These assets are under redevelopment including demolition and reconfiguration of the Centers and tenant spaces, accordingly the Sales PSF and Occupancy during the periods of redevelopment are not included.

e) On July 30, 2014, the Company formed a joint venture to redevelop and rebrand The Gallery in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

f) Cascade Mall and Northgate Mall were sold on January 18, 2017 and are excluded from the table above.

### DIRECTORS

Arthur M. Coppola Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Edward C. Coppola President and Director

John H. Alschuler Director

Steven R. Hash Director

Fred S. Hubbell Director

Diana M. Laing Director

Mason G. Ross Director

Steven L. Soboroff Director

Andrea M. Stephen Director

John M. Sullivan Director

## EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Arthur M. Coppola Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Edward C. Coppola President and Director

Thomas J. Leanse Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary Thomas E. O'Hern
Senior Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Robert D. Perlmutter
Senior Executive Vice President,
and Chief Operating Officer

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

KPMG LLP Los Angeles, California

### TRANSFER AGENT

Computershare
P.O. Box 30170
College Station, Texas 77842-3170
www.computershare.com

### MACERICH WEBSITE

For an electronic version of this annual report, our SEC filings and documents relating to corporate governance, please visit www.macerich.com

### CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

401 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 700 Santa Monica, California 90401 310.394.6000

### DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

Stockholders may automatically reinvest their dividends in additional common stock of the Company through the Direct Investment Program, which also provides for purchase by voluntary cash contributions. For additional information, please contact Computershare at 877.373.6374.

### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

New York Stock Exchange

Symbol: MAC

The common stock of the Company is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "MAC." The common stock began trading on March 10, 1994 at a price of \$19 per share.

In 2016, the Company's shares traded at a high of \$94.51 and a low of \$66.00.

As of February 21, 2017, there were 540 stockholders of record. The following table shows high and low sales prices per share of common stock during each quarter in 2015 and 2016 and dividends per share of common stock declared and paid by quarter:

		Market Quotation p		Dividends
		High	Low	Declared/ Paid
	QUARTER ENDED			
	March 31, 2015	\$95.93	\$81.61	\$0.65
	June 30, 2015	\$86.31	\$74.51	\$0.65
	September 30, 2015	\$81.52	\$71.98	\$0.65
	December 31, 2015	\$86.29	\$74.55	\$2.68 (a)
	March 31, 2016	\$82.88	\$72.99	\$2.68 (b)
	June 30, 2016	\$85.39	\$71.82	\$0.68
	September 30, 2016	\$94.51	\$78.76	\$0.68
	December 31, 2016	\$80.54	\$66.00	\$0.71

(a) Includes a special dividend of \$2.00 per common share paid on December 8, 2015.

(b) Includes a special dividend of \$2.00 per common share declared on November 2, 2015 and paid January 6, 2016.

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