SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

COMMISSION FILE NO. 1-12504

THE MACERICH COMPANY

(Exact Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND

95-4448705

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

401 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 700, Santa Monica, California 90401

(Address of principal executive office, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (310) 394-6000

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve (12) months (or such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such report) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

YES ⊠ NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

YES ⊠ NO o

Number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, as of July 29, 2005 Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share: **59,694,677 shares**

Form 10-Q

INDEX

Part I: Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Company as of June 30, 2005 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2004 (Audited)

Consolidated Statements of Operations of the Company for the periods from January 1 through June 30, 2005 and 2004

Consolidated Statements of Operations of the Company for the periods from April 1 through June 30, 2005 and 2004

<u>Consolidated Statement of Common Stockholders' Equity of the Company for the period from January 1, 2005 through June 30, 2005</u>

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows of the Company for the periods from January 1 through June 30, 2005 and 2004

Notes to consolidated financial statements

- Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
- <u>Item 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>
- Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Part II: Other Information

- **Legal Proceedings** Item 1.
- <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u> Item 2.
- **Defaults Upon Senior Securities** Item 3.
- Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders Item 4
- Item 5. **Other Information**
- **Exhibits** Item 6.
 - **Signatures**

THE MACERICH COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands, except share data)

ASSETS		June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2004		
<u>ASSETS</u>		(chadanca)				
Dura cutus and	\$	F 202 C04	ď	2 574 552		
Property, net Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	5,392,694 73,778	\$	3,574,553 72,114		
Restricted cash		54,381		12,351		
Tenant receivables, net		75,710		68,716		
Deferred charges and other assets, net		416,450		280,694		
Loans to unconsolidated joint ventures		6,476		6,643		
Due from affiliates		0,470		3,502		
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures		1,061,939		618,523		
Total assets	\$	7,081,428	\$	4,637,096		
Total assets	Ф	7,081,428	Ф	4,637,096		
LIABILITIES, PREFERRED STOCK AND COMMON STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:						
Mortgage notes payable:						
Related parties	\$	147,932	\$	141,782		
Others	Ψ	2,998,073	Ψ	2,195,338		
Total	_	3,146,005		2,337,120		
Bank and other notes payable		2,138,000		893,000		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		59,245		47,755		
Due to affiliates		2,166		47,733		
Other accrued liabilities		226,354		123,081		
Preferred stock dividend payable		4,565		2,358		
Total liabilities		5,576,335	_	3,403,314		
Minority interest		305,031		221,315		
Class A participating convertible preferred units	_	212,668	_	221,515		
Class A non-participating convertible preferred units		21,501		<u> </u>		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)	_	21,501				
Series A cumulative convertible redeemable preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 3,627,131 shares authorized,						
issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004		98,934		98,934		
Common stockholders' equity:		30,334		30,334		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 145,000,000 shares authorized, 59,127,532 and 58,785,694 shares issued						
and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively		591		586		
Additional paid-in capital		1,043,302		1,029,940		
Accumulated deficit		(155,313)		(103,489)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,115		1,092		
Unamortized restricted stock		(22,736)		(14,596)		
Total common stockholders' equity	_	866,959		913,533		
Total liabilities, preferred stock and common stockholders' equity	¢		¢			
Total madifices, preferred stock and common stockholders equity	\$	7,081,428	\$	4,637,096		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{ notes are an integral part of these financial statements.}$

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

		Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2005		2004		
REVENUES:						
Minimum rents	\$	207,968	\$	150,553		
Percentage rents		5,830		4,708		
Tenant recoveries		101,488		80,191		
Management Companies		11,441		10,014		
Other		11,036		8,613		
Total revenues		337,763		254,079		
EXPENSES:						
Shopping center and operating expenses		106,521		78,326		
Management Companies' operating expenses		23,338		19,150		
REIT general and administrative expenses		6,517		5,294		
		136,376		102,770		
Interest expense:						
Related parties		4,392		2,269		
Others		99,883		65,772		
Total interest expense		104,275		68,041		
Depreciation and amortization		90,413		67,177		
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures		27,584		28,160		
Loss on early extinguishment of debt				(405)		
Gain on sale of assets		1,281		793		
Income from continuing operations		35,564		44,639		
Discontinued operations:		55,504		44,055		
Gain on sale of assets		182		301		
Income from discontinued operations		1,745		3,185		
Total from discontinued operations		1,927		3,486		
Income before minority interest		37,491		48,125		
•						
Less: Minority interest		5,679		8,470		
Net income		31,812		39,655		
Less: Preferred dividends		6,923		4,425		
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	24,889	\$	35,230		
Earnings per common share - basic:						
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.39	\$	0.55		
Discontinued operations		0.03		0.05		
Net income per share available to common stockholders	\$	0.42	\$	0.60		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic		58,984,000		58,354,000		
Earnings per common share - diluted:						
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.39	\$	0.55		
Discontinued operations	J	0.39	Ψ	0.05		
	<u>.</u>		¢			
Net income per share available to common stockholders	\$	0.42	\$	0.60		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted		73,452,000		72,966,000		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

3

THE MACERICH COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

Three Months	Ended Ju	ıne 30,
2005		2004
\$ 114,933	\$	77,449
3,057		2,309
56,273		40,146
6,164		5,411
5,957		4,744
 186,384		130,059
58,725		39,475
12,800		12,000
3,865		2,271
75,390		53,746
\$	\$ 114,933 3,057 56,273 6,164 5,957 186,384 58,725 12,800 3,865	\$ 114,933 \$ 3,057 56,273 6,164 5,957 186,384 58,725 12,800 3,865

Related parties	2,360	1,252
Others	59,358	 33,529
Total interest expense	61,718	 34,781
Depreciation and amortization	53,446	33,859
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	16,338	13,310
(Loss) gain on sale of assets	(26)	766
Income from continuing operations	12,142	21,749
Discontinued operations:		
(Loss) gain on sale of assets	(115)	302
Income from discontinued operations	766	1,345
Total from discontinued operations	651	1,647
Income before minority interest	12,793	23,396
Less: Minority interest	1,480	4,070
Net income	11,313	19,326
Less: Preferred dividends	4,566	2,213
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 6,747	\$ 17,113
Earnings per common share - basic:		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.27
Discontinued operations	0.01	0.02
Net income per share available to common stockholders	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.29
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	59,099,000	58,612,000
Earnings per common share - diluted:		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.27
Discontinued operations	0.01	0.02
Net income per share available to common stockholders	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.29
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	73,616,000	73,202,000
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 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{ notes are an integral part of these financial statements.}$

4

THE MACERICH COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMMON STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

			(U	naudited)							
	Common Stock (# of shares)	Common Stock Par Value		Additional Paid in Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Con	cumulated Other prehensive Income	namortized Restricted Stock	Sto	Total Common ockholders' Equity
Balance December 31, 2004	58,785,694	\$ 586	\$	1,029,940	\$	(103,489)	\$	1,092	\$ (14,596)	\$	913,533
Comprehensive income:											
Net income						31,812					31,812
Reclassification of deferred losses								668			668
Interest rate swap agreement						_		(645)			(645)
Total comprehensive income						31,812		23			31,835
Issuance of restricted stock	260,898	3		13,898							13,901
Unvested restricted stock	(260,898)	(3)							(13,898)		(13,901)
Restricted stock vested in 2005	232,295	3							5,758		5,761
Exercise of stock options	39,543	_		808		_		_	_		808
Distributions paid \$(1.30) per share						(76,713)					(76,713)
Preferred dividends						(6,923)					(6,923)
Conversion of OP Units to common stock	70,000	2		1,396							1,398
Adjustment to reflect minority				(2,740)							(2,740)

interest on a pro rata basis

Balance June 30, 2005 59,127,532 \$ 591 \$ 1,043,302 \$ (155,313) \$ 1,115 \$ (22,736) \$ 866,959

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

5

THE MACERICH COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

		For the six month	ıs ended .	
		2005		2004
Cash flows from operating activities:	r.	24.000	ď	25.220
Net income-available to common stockholders	\$	24,889	\$	35,230
Preferred dividends		6,923		4,425
Net income		31,812		39,655
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Loss on early extinguishment of debt				405
Gain on sale of assets		(1,464)		(1,094)
Depreciation and amortization		91,823		69,612
Amortization of net premium on trust deed notes payable		(3,369)		(963)
Minority interest		5,679		8,470
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures		(27,584)		(28,160)
Distributions on investment from unconsolidated joint ventures		3,072		6,744
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Tenant receivables, net		7,036		2,665
Other assets		(995)		(2,958)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(9,736)		(3,284)
Due to affiliates		(7,854)		(1,242)
Other accrued liabilities		(662)		(1,452)
Total adjustments		55,946		48,743
Net cash provided by operating activities		87,758		88,398
Cash flows from investing activities:		_		
Acquisitions of property and property improvements		(5,678)		(33,252)
Development, redevelopment and expansion of centers		(28,976)		(81,355)
Renovations of centers		(10,679)		(12,337)
Tenant allowances		(11,122)		(3,544)
Deferred leasing charges		(10,439)		(7,895)
Distributions of investment from unconsolidated joint ventures		102,176		27,272
Contributions to joint ventures		(44,919)		(449)
Acquisitions of joint ventures		(32,479)		(36,538)
Repayments from unconsolidated joint ventures		166		3,528
Proceeds from sale of assets		7,158		457
Restricted cash		(4,272)		279
Net cash used in investing activities		(39,064)		(143,834)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(33,00.)		(1.0,00.
Proceeds from mortgages and notes payable		168,801		324,418
Payments on mortgages and notes payable		(119,592)		(140,707)
Deferred financing costs		(1,331)		(218)
Exercise of common stock options		808		7,151
Dividends and distributions		(91,001)		(84,282)
Dividends to preferred stockholders		(4,715)		(4,425)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(47,030)		101,937
Net increase in cash				
		1,664		46,501
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u></u>	72,114	<u></u>	40,634
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	73,778	\$	87,135
Supplemental cash flow information:	_			
Cash payment for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$	98,731	\$	64,763
Non-cash transactions:				
Acquisition of property by issuance of bank notes payable	\$	1,198,503	\$	<u> </u>
Acquisition of property by assumption of debt	\$	809,080	\$	
Acquisition of property by issuance of convertible preferred units and common units	\$	239,984	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

THE MACERICH COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

1. Interim Financial Statements and Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Macerich Company (the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements and have not been audited by independent public accountants.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and The Macerich Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership"). The interests in the Operating Partnership are known as OP units. OP units not held by the Company are redeemable, subject to certain restrictions, on a one-for-one basis for the Company's common stock or cash at the Company's option. Investments in entities that meet the definition of a variable interest entity in which an enterprise absorbs the majority of the entity's expected losses, receives a majority of the entity's expected residual returns, or both, as a result of ownership, contractual or other financial interests in the entity are consolidated, otherwise they are accounted for under the equity method and are reflected as "Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures".

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for the interim periods have been made. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004 has been derived from the audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP.

A reclassification has been made to the 2004 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows to reclassify \$6,744 of distributions from joint ventures from investing activities into net cash provided from operating activities as a return on investment of joint ventures.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets ("SFAS 144"):

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, SFAS No. 144. The Company sold the Westbar property on December 16, 2004, and the results for the period January 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004 have been reclassified to discontinued operations. The sale of Westbar resulted in a gain on sale of asset of \$6,835. Total revenues associated with Westbar were approximately \$2,363 for the period January 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004. On January 5, 2005, the Company sold Arizona Lifestyle Galleries. The sale of this property resulted in a gain on sale of \$297 and the impact on the results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004 were insignificant.

7

Additionally, the results of Crossroads Mall in Oklahoma for the six and three months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004 have been reclassified to discontinued operations. The Company has identified this asset for disposition. Total revenues associated with Crossroads Mall were approximately \$5,536 and \$2,700 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. Total revenues associated with Crossroads Mall were approximately \$5,662 and \$2,803 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 123 (revised), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123(R)"). SFAS No. 123(R) requires that all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. The new standard became effective in the first reporting period ending after December 15, 2005. The adoption of this statement does not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 153 ("SFAS 153"), "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets—an amendment of Accounting Principle Board ("APB") Opinion No. 29." The guidance in APB Opinion No. 29, *Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions*, is based on the principle that exchanges of nonmonetary assets should be measured based on the fair value of the assets exchanged. The guidance in that Opinion, however, included certain exceptions to that principle. SFAS No. 153 amends Opinion No. 29 to eliminate the exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A nonmonetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. SFAS No. 153 will be effective in the first reporting period ending after June 15, 2005. The adoption of this statement does not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

On February 7, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") staff published certain views concerning the accounting by lessees for leasehold improvements, rent holidays, lessor funding of lessee expenditures and other tenant inducements. Although the application of these views to lessors was not specified by the SEC and a formal accounting standard modifying existing practice on these items has not been issued or proposed, the Company has conducted a detailed evaluation of its accounting relative to such items. The Company believes that its leases with its tenants that provide that leasehold improvements that the Company funds represent fixed assets that the Company owns and controls and that leases with such arrangements are properly accounted for as commencing at the completion of construction of such assets. On tenant leases that do not provide for landlord funding but rather provide for tenant funded construction and furnishing of the leased premises prior to the formal commencement of the lease, the Company has concluded that the cumulative incremental straight-line rental revenue that would have been recognized on such leases if it had commenced with the turn-over of such space rather than the lease-specified commencement date to be immaterial to previous periods. Beginning on January 1, 2005, the Company began

recognizing straight-line rental revenue on this accelerated basis for all new leases. This is not expected to have a material effect on future periods and will have no effect on periodic or cumulative cash flows to be received pursuant to a tenant lease.

In June 2005, a consensus was reached by FASB related to Issue No. 04-5, "Determining Whether a General Partner, or the General Partners as a Group, controls a Limited Partnership or Similar Entity When the Limited Partners have Certain Rights." Effective for general partners of all new limited partnerships formed and for existing limited partnerships for which the partnership agreements are modified, the guidance in this Issue is effective after June 29, 2005. For general partners in all other limited partnerships, the guidance in this Issue is effective no later than the beginning of the first reporting period in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005, and that application of either one of two transition methods described in the Issue would be acceptable. This adoption of this Issue is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

To meet the reporting requirement of SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," the Company calculates the fair value of financial instruments and includes this additional information in the notes to consolidated financial statements when the fair value is different than the carrying value of those financial instruments. When the fair value reasonably approximates the carrying value, no additional disclosure is made. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

8

In accordance with SFAS No. 133—"Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", the Company recognizes all derivatives in the consolidated financial statements and measures the derivatives at fair value. The Company uses derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to manage or hedge interest rate risk. The Company requires that hedging derivative instruments are effective in reducing the risk exposure that they are designated to hedge. For derivative instruments associated with the hedge of an anticipated transaction, hedge effectiveness criteria also require that it be probable that the underlying transaction occurs. Any instrument that meets these cash flow hedging criteria, and other criteria required by SFAS No. 133, is formally designated as a hedge at the inception of the derivative contract. When the terms of an underlying transaction are modified resulting in some ineffectiveness, the portion of the change in the derivative fair value related to ineffectiveness from period to period will be included in net income. If any derivative instrument used for risk management does not meet the hedging criteria, it is marked-to-market each period, however, generally the Company intends for its derivative transactions to meet all the hedge criteria and qualify as hedges.

On an ongoing quarterly basis, the Company adjusts its balance sheet to reflect the current fair value of its derivatives. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in income or comprehensive income, depending on whether the derivative is designated and effective as part of a hedged transaction. For derivatives that do not meet the cash flow hedging criteria, the Company reflects those on the balance sheet quarterly at fair value with the difference being reflected in income. To the extent that the change in value of a derivative does not perfectly offset the change in value of the instrument being hedged, the ineffective portion of the hedge is immediately recognized in income. There were no ineffective portions during the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 or 2004. Over time, the unrealized gains and losses held in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified to income. This reclassification occurs when the hedged items are also recognized in income. The Company has a policy of only entering into contracts with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors.

To determine the fair value of derivative instruments, the Company uses standard market conventions and techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models, and termination cost at each balance sheet date. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

Interest rate cap agreements are purchased by the Company from third parties to hedge the risk of interest rate increases on some of the Company's variable rate debt. Payments received as a result of the cap agreements are recorded as a reduction of interest expense. The fair value of the cap agreements are included in deferred charges. The fair value of these caps will vary with fluctuations in interest rates. The Company will be exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counter parties to the financial instruments; however, management does not anticipate nonperformance by the counter parties.

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company had \$3,441 and \$4,109 reflected in other comprehensive income related to treasury rate locks settled in prior years, respectively. The Company reclassified \$668 and \$338 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, related to treasury rate lock transactions settled in prior years from accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings. It is anticipated that an additional \$660 will be reclassified during the remainder of 2005. Additionally, the Company recorded other comprehensive (loss) income of (\$645) and \$2,050 related to the mark to market of interest rate swap agreements for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company recorded other comprehensive (loss) income of (\$913) and \$3,570 for the three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The amount of other comprehensive income expected for the remainder of 2005 from these interest rate caps and interest rate swap agreements are entirely dependent on interest rates and cannot be estimated. The interest rate caps and interest rate swap transactions are described below.

The \$250,000 variable rate debt maturing in 2007 (See—Note 7) has an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixed the interest rate at 4.45% from November 2003 to October 13, 2005. The fair value of this swap agreement is reflected in other comprehensive income and the fair value at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was \$1,094 and \$1,831, respectively.

The Company has an interest rate cap with a notional amount of \$30,000 on its loan at La Cumbre Plaza (See—Note 6). This interest rate cap prevents the interest rate from exceeding 7.12%. The fair value of this cap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was zero.

The Company has an interest rate cap with a notional amount of \$92,000 on its \$108,000 loan on The Oaks (See—Note 6). This interest rate cap prevents the interest rate from exceeding 7.10%. The fair value of this cap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was zero.

The Company's East Mesa Land and Superstition Springs joint venture have an interest rate swap which converts \$12,800 of variable rate debt with a weighted average interest rate of 3.97% to a fixed rate of 5.39%. The fair value of this swap agreement is reflected in other comprehensive income and the Company's share of the fair value at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was \$29 and \$82 respectively.

The Company's Metrocenter joint venture has an interest rate swap agreement which effectively converts the Company's \$16,800 share of variable rate debt to a fixed interest rate of 4.80% from January 2005 to February 2008. The fair value of this swap agreement is reflected in other comprehensive income and the Company's share of the fair value of this swap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was \$38 and \$0, respectively.

Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The computation of basic earnings per share is based on net income and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the six and three months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004. The computation of diluted earnings per share does not include the effect of outstanding restricted stock issued under the employee and director stock incentive plans or convertible preferred stock as they are antidilutive using the treasury method. The OP units not held by the Company have been included in the diluted EPS calculation since they are redeemable on a one-for-one basis for shares of common stock. The following table computes the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation:

				For the six mont	hs end	ded June 30,		
			2005			ĺ	2004	
	No	et Income	Shares	Per Share	Ne	et Income	Shares	Per Share
		(In thousan	ids, except per sl	iare data)		(in thousar	nds, except per si	nare data)
Net income	\$	31,812			\$	39,655		
Less: Preferred stock dividends		6,923				4,425		
Basic EPS:								
Net income available to common stockholders		24,889	58,984	0.42		35,230	58,354	0.60
Diluted EPS:								
Conversion of OP units		5,679	14,105			8,470	14,215	
Employee stock options			363				397	
Convertible preferred stock		n/a - a	ntidilutive for	EPS		n/a - a	ntidilutive for	EPS
N	Φ.	20.500	ED 450	Ф 0.40	ф	42.500	7 0.000	Ф 0.00
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	30,568	73,452	\$ 0.42	\$	43,700	72,966	\$ 0.60
	<u></u>]	For the three mor	nths er	nded June 30,		
			2005				2004	
	N	(In thousar	Shares ids, except per sl	Per Share	No	et Income	Shares nds, except per s	Per Share
		(III tilousai	ius, except per si	naie uata)		(III tilotisai	iius, except per s	naie data)
Net income	\$	11,313			\$	19,326		
Less: Preferred stock dividends	_	4,566				2,213		
Basic EPS:								
Net income available to common stockholders		6,747	59,099	0.11		17,113	58,612	0.29
Diluted EPS:								
Conversion of OP units		1,480	14,136			4,070	14,215	
Employee stock options		1,400	381			4,070	375	
Convertible preferred stock		n/a - a	ntidilutive for	EPS		n/a - a	antidilutive for	· EPS
	_	,						
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	8,227	73,616	\$ 0.11	\$	21,183	73,202	\$ 0.29
			_			_		
		1	.0					

The minority interest as reflected in the Company's consolidated statements of operations has been allocated for EPS calculations as follows:

	 For the si ended J			
	2005		2004	
Income from continuing operations	\$ 5,309	\$	7,788	
Discontinued operations:				
Gain on sale of assets	35		59	
Income from discontinued operations	335		623	
Total	\$ 5,679	\$	8,470	
	 For the the			
	 2005	2004		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1,355	\$	3,749	
Discontinued operations:				
(Loss) gain on sale of assets	(22)		59	
Income from discontinued operations	147		262	

2. Organization:

The Company is involved in the acquisition, ownership, development, redevelopment, management and leasing of regional and community shopping centers located throughout the United States. The Company was organized as a Maryland corporation in September 1993.

The Company is the sole general partner of, and owns or has a majority of the ownership interests in the Operating Partnership. As of June 30, 2005, the Operating Partnership owned or had an ownership interest in 76 regional shopping centers, 20 community shopping centers and 2 development/redevelopment projects aggregating approximately 78 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA"). These 98 regional, community and redevelopment and development shopping centers are referred to hereinafter as the "Centers", unless the context otherwise requires.

The Company is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") and conducts all of its operations through the Operating Partnership and the Company's management companies, Macerich Property Management Company, LLC, a single-member Delaware limited liability company, Macerich Management Company, a California corporation ("MMC"), Westcor Partners, LLC, a single member Arizona limited liability company, Macerich Westcor Management, LLC, a single member Delaware limited liability company and Westcor Partners of Colorado, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company. As part of the Wilmorite closing (See Note 11-Wilmorite Acquisition), the Company acquired MACW Mall Management, Inc., a New York corporation and MACW Property Management, LLC, a New York limited liability company. These two management companies are collectively referred to herein as the "Wilmorite Management Companies." The three Westcor management companies are collectively referred to herein as the "Westcor Management Companies." All seven of the management companies are collectively referred to herein as the "Management Companies".

The Company was organized to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As of June 30, 2005, the 19% limited partnership interest of the Operating Partnership not owned by the Company is reflected in these financial statements as minority interest.

11

3. Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures:

The following are the Company's investments in unconsolidated joint ventures. The Operating Partnership's interest in each joint venture property as of June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Bilmore Shopping Center Partners LLC 50% Corte Madera Village, LLC 51.18 PHX AZ/Kierland Commons LLC 24.5% Macerich Northwestern Associates 50% Mettorising AMS Holding LLC 15% NorthPark Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: Regional Malls:	Joint Venture	Partnership's Ownership%	
PHX AZ/Kierland Commons LLC 24.5% Macerich Northwestern Associates 50% Meterorising AMS Holding LLC 15% NorthPark Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: Regional Malls: 30% Wester Associates—Arnowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: 2 Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding		•	50%
Macerich Northwestern Associates 50% Metrorising AMS Holding LLC 15% NorthPark Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: *** Regional Malls: *** *** *** We River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: *** Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 5% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gueway SPE, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Proper of Associates #4 12.5%	Corte Madera Village, LLC		50.1%
Metrorising AMS Holding LLC 15% NorthPark Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: 8 Regional Malls: 33.3% East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Sottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: 2 Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Willage Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC	PHX AZ/Kierland Commons LLC		24.5%
NorthPark Partners, LP 50% NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Wester Acres Development, LLP 30% Wester Acres Development, LLP 30% Wester Acres Development, LLP 30% Wester Acres Development, LLP 33.3% Wester Acres Development, LLP 33.3% Wester Acres Development, LLP 33.3% North Acres Development, LLP 30%	Macerich Northwestern Associates		50%
NorthPark Land Partners, LP 50% Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WMR Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: *** East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: *** Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Bo	Metrorising AMS Holding LLC		15%
Pacific Premier Retail Trust 51% SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% West Acres Development, LLP West Colspan="2">West Acres Development, LLP West Cornel Development, LLP West Colspan="2">West C	NorthPark Partners, LP		50%
SDG Macerich Properties, L.P. 50% Tysons Corner Holdings LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WMR Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% West Acres Development, LLP West Acres Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center West Acres Acres Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center Cast Mes Amall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership Chandler Festival SPE, LLC Chandler Festival SPE, LLC Chandler Festival SPE, LLC	NorthPark Land Partners, LP		50%
Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Proper associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops 50% Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% <	Pacific Premier Retail Trust		51%
Tysons Corner Property LLC 50% WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. 50% WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% West Cor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Proper associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates 25% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops 50% Russ Lyon Realty Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phas	SDG Macerich Properties, L.P.		50%
WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C. WM Ridgmar, L.P. West Acres Development, LLP Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 50% Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor II Associates, L.L.C.—Boulevard Shops Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates Vestpen Associates 50% Westpen Associates 50%	Tysons Corner Holdings LLC		50%
WM Ridgmar, L.P. 50% West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures:	Tysons Corner Property LLC		50%
West Acres Development, LLP 19% Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: 2 Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Conlidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Promenade Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Propcor Associates 25% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops 50% Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 37.5% Westcor/Godyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westlinc Associates 50% Westlen Associates 50% We	WM Inland Investors IV, L.L.C.		50%
Westcor Joint Ventures: Regional Malls:East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center33.3%New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center33.3%Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership50%Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common50%Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited PartnershipCamelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership75%Chandler Festival SPE, LLC50%Chandler Village Center, LLC50%Coolidge Holding LLC37.5%East Mesa Land, L.L.C.50%Jaren Associates #412.5%Lee West, LLC50%Propcor Associates, L.L.C.50%Propcor II Associates, L.L.C.50%Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops50%Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I50%SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC37.5%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	WM Ridgmar, L.P.		50%
Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westpen Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	West Acres Development, LLP		19%
Regional Malls: East Mesa Mall, L.L.C.—Superstition Springs Center 33.3% New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center 33.3% Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership 50% Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common 50% Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership 75% Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 37.5% East Mesa Land, L.L.C. 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westpen Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%			
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New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center33.3%Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership50%Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common50%Other Properties/Affiliated Companies:Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership75%Chandler Festival SPE, LLC50%Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC50%Chandler Village Center, LLC50%Coolidge Holding LLC37.5%East Mesa Land, L.L.C.50%Jaren Associates #412.5%Lee West, LLC50%Promenade Associates, L.L.C.50%Propcor II Associates, L.L.C.—Boulevard Shops50%Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I50%SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC50%Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%			
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Desert Sky Mall—Tenants in Common Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership Chandler Festival SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC 50% Chandler Village Center, LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 50% Coolidge Holding LLC 50% Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates Propcor II Associates, L.L.C. 50% Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC Westcor/Goldbert, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Godyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates Fliton Village Westpen Associates Fliton Village Westpen Associates Fliton Village Westpen Associates Fliton Village Westcor/Queen Creek LLC Flow Westcor/Queen Creek LLC Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow	New River Associates—Arrowhead Towne Center		33.3%
Other Properties/Affiliated Companies: Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership Chandler Festival SPE, LLC Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC Chandler Village Center, LLC Coolidge Holding LLC East Mesa Land, L.L.C. Jaren Associates #4 Lee West, LLC Propeor Associates, L.L.C. Propeor Associates, L.L.C. Propeor II Associates, L.L.C. Propeor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C. Sow Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. Westlinc Associates Westlor Village Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership		50%
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Camelback Colonnade Associates Limited Partnership75%Chandler Festival SPE, LLC50%Chandler Gateway SPE, LLC50%Chandler Village Center, LLC50%Coolidge Holding LLC37.5%East Mesa Land, L.L.C.50%Jaren Associates #412.5%Lee West, LLC50%Promenade Associates, L.L.C.50%Propcor Associates25%Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops50%Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I50%SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC37.5%Westcor/Goldyear, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%			
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Jaren Associates #4 12.5% Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates 25% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops 50% Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 37.5% Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	Coolidge Holding LLC		37.5%
Lee West, LLC 50% Promenade Associates, L.L.C. 50% Propcor Associates 25% Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops 50% Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 37.5% Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	East Mesa Land, L.L.C.		
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Propcor Associates25%Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops50%Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I50%SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC37.5%Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	Lee West, LLC		50%
Propcor II Associates, LLC—Boulevard Shops Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I 50% SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC 37.5% Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C. 50% Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C. 50% Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village 50% Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	Promenade Associates, L.L.C.		50%
Russ Lyon Realty/Westcor Venture I50%SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC37.5%Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	Propcor Associates		25%
SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC37.5%Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	1 1		50%
Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.50%Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%			50%
Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.50%Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	SanTan Village Phase 2, LLC		37.5%
Westlinc Associates—Hilton Village50%Westpen Associates50%Westcor/Queen Creek LLC37.5%	Westcor/Gilbert, L.L.C.		50%
Westpen Associates 50% Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%	Westcor/Goodyear, L.L.C.		50%
Westcor/Queen Creek LLC 37.5%			50%
•			50%
Westcor/Surprise LLC 33.3%	Westcor/Queen Creek LLC		37.5%
	Westcor/Surprise LLC		33.3%

The Company accounts for its unconsolidated joint ventures using the equity method of accounting.

Although the Company has a greater than 50% interest in Pacific Premier Retail Trust, Camelback Colonnade and Corte Madera Village, LLC, the Company shares management control with these joint venture partners and accounts for these joint ventures using the equity method of accounting.

On January 30, 2004, the Company, in a 50/50 joint venture with a private investment company, acquired Inland Center, a 1 million square foot superregional mall in San Bernardino, California. The total purchase price was \$63,300 and concurrently with the acquisition, the joint venture placed a \$54,000 fixed rate loan on the property. The balance of the Company's pro rata share of the purchase price was funded by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit. The results below of Inland Center are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

On May 11, 2004, the Company, in a 50/50 joint venture with a private mall owner, acquired NorthPark Center, a 1.3 million square foot regional mall in Dallas, Texas. The Company's initial investment in the property was \$30,005 which was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit. In addition, the Company assumed a pro rata share of debt of \$86,599 and funded an additional \$45,000 post-closing. As of June 30, 2005, the Company's total investment in the property was \$75,005. The results below of NorthPark Center are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

On January 11, 2005, the Company became a 15% owner in a joint venture that acquired Metrocenter, a 1.4 million square foot super-regional mall in Phoenix, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$160,000 and concurrently with the acquisition, the joint venture placed a \$112,000 loan on the property. The Company's share of the purchase price, net of the debt, was \$7,200 which was funded by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit. The results below of Metrocenter are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

On January 21, 2005, the Company formed a 50/50 joint venture with a private investment company. The joint venture acquired a 49% interest in Kierland Commons, a 320,000 square foot mixed use center in Phoenix, Arizona. The joint venture's purchase price for the interest in the center was \$49,000. The Company assumed its share of the underlying property debt and funded the remainder of its share of the purchase price by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit. The results below of Kierland Commons are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

On April 8, 2005, the Company in a 50/50 joint venture with an affiliate of Walton Street Capital, LLC, acquired Ridgmar Mall, a 1.3 million square foot super-regional mall in Fort Worth, Texas. The total purchase price was \$71,075 and concurrently with the transaction, the joint venture placed a \$57,400 fixed rate loan of 6.0725% on the property. The balance of the Company's prorata share of the purchase price was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit. The results below of Ridgmar Mall are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

On April 25, 2005, as part of the Wilmorite acquisition (See Note 11 – Wilmorite Acquisition), the Company became a 50% joint venture partner in Tysons Corner, a 2.2 million super-regional mall in McLean, Virginia. The results below of Tysons Corner are included for the period subsequent to its date of acquisition.

Combined and condensed balance sheets and statements of operations are presented below for all unconsolidated joint ventures.

COMBINED AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS OF UNCONSOLIDATED JOINT VENTURES

	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
Assets:	 	
Properties, net	\$ 3,985,383	\$ 3,076,115
Other assets	317,150	214,526
Total assets	\$ 4,302,533	\$ 3,290,641
Liabilities and partners' capital:		
Mortgage notes payable(1)	\$ 2,980,341	\$ 2,326,198
Other liabilities	146,428	85,956
The Company's capital(2)	601,403	455,669
Outside partners' capital	574,361	422,818
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 4,302,533	\$ 3,290,641

13

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS OF JOINT VENTURES, CONTINUED:

- (1) Certain joint ventures have debt that could become recourse debt to the Company in excess of its pro rata share should the joint venture be unable to discharge the obligations of the related debt. As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, a total of \$20,918 and \$24,168 could become recourse debt to the Company, respectively.
- (2) The Company's investment in joint ventures is \$460,536 and \$162,854 more than the underlying equity as reflected in the joint ventures' financial statements as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively. This represents the difference between the cost of the investment and the book value of the underlying equity of the joint venture. The Company is amortizing this difference into income on a straight-line basis, consistent with the depreciable lives on property.

				Mont	hs Ended June 30, 2	2005		
	M	SDG acerich erties, L.P.	 Pacific Premier Retail Trust		Westcor Joint Ventures		Other Joint Ventures	 Total
Revenues:								
Minimum rents	\$	45,820	\$ 56,865	\$	43,928	\$	51,217	\$ 197,830
Percentage rents		1,860	2,306		1,014		1,989	7,169

Tenant recoveries		22,313		20,271		18,917		25,910		87,411
Other		2,504		1,903		2,204		5,500		12,111
Total revenues		72,497		81,345		66,063		84,616		304,521
Expenses:										
Shopping center and operating expenses		28,267		23,271		21,969		32,890		106,397
Interest expense		16,823		24,128		16,721		21,560		79,232
Depreciation and amortization		14,387		13,894		16,519		16,279		61,079
Total operating expenses		59,477		61,293		55,209		70,729		246,708
Gain on sale of assets		_		_		1,459		_		1,459
Net income	\$	13,020	\$	20,052	\$	12,313	\$	13,887	\$	59,272
Company's equity in income of unconsolidated	Ψ	15,020	Ψ	20,032	Ψ	12,515	Ψ	15,007	Ψ	55,272
joint ventures	\$	6,510	\$	10,211	\$	4,679	\$	6,184	\$	27,584
		SDG	D	Six l acific	Months F	nded June 30, 2	2004			
		Iacerich perties, L.P.	Pr	emier ail Trust		Vestcor t Ventures	Joi	Other nt Ventures		Total
_										
Revenues:										
Revenues: Minimum rents	\$	44,931	\$	54,211	\$	44,091	\$	25,447	\$	168,680
Minimum rents	\$	44,931 1,891	\$	54,211 2,018	\$	44,091 566	\$	25,447 1,128	\$	168,680 5,603
	\$	1,891	\$	2,018	\$	566	\$		\$	5,603
Minimum rents Percentage rents	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,128	\$	
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other	\$	1,891 23,077	\$	2,018 21,418	\$	566 19,147	\$	1,128 11,275	\$	5,603 74,917
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues	\$ 	1,891 23,077 1,305	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330	\$	566 19,147 4,539	\$	1,128 11,275 874	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses:	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses: Shopping center and operating expenses	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204 28,399	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724 16,509	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248 91,037
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses: Shopping center and operating expenses Interest expense	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204 28,399 13,915	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977 23,177 23,373	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343 22,952 17,697	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724 16,509 9,596	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248 91,037 64,581
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses: Shopping center and operating expenses	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204 28,399	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724 16,509	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248 91,037
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses: Shopping center and operating expenses Interest expense Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204 28,399 13,915 14,420	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977 23,177 23,373 13,093	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343 22,952 17,697 13,481 54,130	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724 16,509 9,596 7,308	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248 91,037 64,581 48,302 203,920
Minimum rents Percentage rents Tenant recoveries Other Total revenues Expenses: Shopping center and operating expenses Interest expense Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,891 23,077 1,305 71,204 28,399 13,915 14,420	\$	2,018 21,418 1,330 78,977 23,177 23,373 13,093	\$	566 19,147 4,539 68,343 22,952 17,697 13,481	\$	1,128 11,275 874 38,724 16,509 9,596 7,308	\$	5,603 74,917 8,048 257,248 91,037 64,581 48,302

\$ 14 9,833

8,364

2,728

\$

28,160

7,235

\$

Revenues:

Minimum rents

Percentage rents

joint ventures

Company's equity in income of unconsolidated

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS OF JOINT VENTURES

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005									
	SDG Macerich Properties, L.P.		Pacific Premier Retail Trust		Westcor Joint Ventures		Other Joint Ventures			Total
Revenues:										
Minimum rents	\$	22,864	\$	28,295	\$	22,312	\$	31,166	\$	104,637
Percentage rents		655		1,027		461		1,105		3,248
Tenant recoveries		11,222		9,852		9,614		16,406		47,094
Other		1,084		978		1,170		2,997		6,229
Total revenues		35,825		40,152		33,557		51,674		161,208
Expenses:										
Shopping center and operating expenses		13,632		11,535		11,489		19,452		56,108
Interest expense		8,219		12,832		8,329		13,304		42,684
Depreciation and amortization		7,198		7,080		6,913		10,164		31,355
Total operating expenses		29,049		31,447		26,731		42,920		130,147
	_		_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		·		
Gain on sale of assets		_		_		579		_		579
Net income	\$	6,776	\$	8,705	\$	7,405	\$	8,754	\$	31,640
Company's equity in income of unconsolidated										
joint ventures	\$	3,388	\$	4,425	\$	4,570	\$	3,955	\$	16,338
				Three	Montl	hs Ended June 30	2004			
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2004									

Pacific Premier Retail Trust

27,325

823

\$

\$

22,377

498

Westcor Joint Ventures

22,267

445

\$

Other Joint Ventures

Total

86,486

2,511

\$

14,517

745

SDG Macerich Properties, L.P.

\$

Tenant recoveries		11,406	11,134	9,212	6,330	38,082
Other		551	698	991	567	2,807
				_		
Total revenues		34,832	39,980	32,915	22,159	129,886
				_		
Expenses:						
Shopping center and operating expenses		13,962	12,217	11,441	10,652	48,272
Interest expense		6,993	11,631	8,855	4,922	32,401
Depreciation and amortization		7,402	6,709	6,734	3,683	24,528
Total operating expenses		28,357	 30,557	 27,030	19,257	105,201
	<u>-</u>		 	 		
Gain on sale of assets		_	_	1,348	_	1,348
Net income	\$	6,475	\$ 9,423	\$ 7,233	\$ 2,902	\$ 26,033
Company's equity in income of unconsolidated						
joint ventures	\$	3,237	\$ 4,793	\$ 3,465	\$ 1,815	\$ 13,310

Significant accounting policies used by the unconsolidated joint ventures are similar to those used by the Company.

Included in mortgage notes payable are amounts due to affiliates of Northwestern Mutual Life ("NML") of \$140,691 and \$143,364 as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively. NML is considered a related party because it is a joint venture partner with the Company in Macerich Northwestern Associates. Interest expense incurred on these borrowings amounted to \$4,725 and \$2,377 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and \$4,923 and \$2,452 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

15

4. Property:

Property consists of the following:

	 June 30, Decemb 2005 200		
Land	\$ 1,082,226	\$	642,392
Building improvements	4,564,094		3,213,355
Tenant improvements	205,985		140,893
Equipment and furnishings	67,978		64,907
Construction in progress	113,170		88,229
	 6,033,453		4,149,776
Less, accumulated depreciation	(640,759)		(575,223)
	\$ 5,392,694	\$	3,574,553

On July 1, 2004, the Company acquired the Mall of Victor Valley in Victorville, California and on July 20, 2004, the Company acquired La Cumbre Plaza in Santa Barbara, California. The Mall of Victor Valley is a 508,000 square foot regional mall and La Cumbre Plaza is a 494,000 square foot regional mall. The combined total purchase price was \$151,300. The purchase price for the Mall of Victor Valley included the assumption of an existing fixed rate loan of \$54,000 at 5.25% maturing in March, 2008. Concurrent with the closing of La Cumbre Plaza, a \$30,000 floating rate loan was placed on the property with an initial interest rate of 2.29%. The balance of the purchase price was paid in cash and borrowings from the Company's revolving line of credit.

On November 16, 2004, the Company acquired Fiesta Mall, a 1 million square foot super regional mall in Mesa, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$135,250 which was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit. On December 2, 2004, the Company placed a ten year \$84,000 fixed rate loan at 4.88% on the property.

On December 16, 2004, the Company sold Westbar, a Phoenix area property that consisted of a collection of ground leases, a shopping center and land for \$47,500. The sale of Westbar resulted in a gain on sale of asset of \$6,835.

On December 30, 2004, the Company purchased the unaffiliated owners' 50% tenants in common interest in Paradise Village Ground Leases, Village Center, Village Crossroads, Village Fair and Paradise Village Office Park II. All of these assets are located in Phoenix, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$50,000 which included the assumption of the unaffiliated owners' share of debt of \$15,200. The balance of the purchase price was paid in cash and borrowings from the Company's line of credit. Accordingly, the Company now owns 100% of these assets.

On January 5, 2005, the Company sold Arizona Lifestyle Galleries for \$4,300. The sale of this property resulted in a gain on sale of asset of \$297.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company had land sales of \$1,308. No land sales occurred in the three months ended June 30, 2005.

Additionally, the above schedule includes the acquisition of Wilmorite (See Note 11 – Wilmorite Acquisition).

5. Deferred Charges And Other Assets:

Deferred charges and other assets are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
Leasing	\$ 104,764	\$ 93,869
Financing	38,670	29,410
Intangibles resulting from SFAS 141 allocations		
In-place lease values	219,905	146,455

416,450

280,694

6. Mortgage Notes Payable:

Mortgage notes payable at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 consist of the following:

			ount of Notes(1)				
Property Pledged as Collateral	200 Other	Related Party	Other	Related Party	Interest Rate	Payment Terms	Maturity Date
Borgata	\$ 15,682		\$ 15,941		5.39%	11(a)	2007
Capitola Mall		\$ 43,314		\$ 44,038	7.13%	380(a)	2011
Carmel Plaza	27,246		27,426	,050	8.18%	202(a)	2009
Chandler Fashion Center	177,268	_	178,646	_	5.48%	1,043(a)	2012
Chesterfield Towne Center	59,103	_	59,696	_	9.07%	548(b)	2024
Citadel	65,007	_	65,911	_	7.20%	554(a)	2008
Danbury Fair Mall	192,210	_	- 05,511	_	4.64%	1,225(a)	2011
Eastview Commons	9,555	_	<u>_</u>	_	5.46%	66(a)	2011
Eastview Mall	105,545	_	_	_	5.10%	592(a)	2014
Fiesta Mall	84,000	_	84,000	<u> </u>	4.88%	interest only	2015
Flagstaff Mall	13,316	_	13,668	_	5.39%	121(a)	2006
FlatIron Crossing	195,698	_	197,170	_	5.23%	1,102(a)	2013
Freehold Raceway Mall	191,928	_	137,170	_	4.68%	1,102(a)	2013
Fresno Fashion Fair	65,976	_	66,415	_	6.52%	437(a)	2011
Great Northern Mall	41,873		00,413		5.19%	234(a)	2013
Greece Ridge Center (c)	72,360	_	<u>—</u>	_	7.20%	interest only	2015
			29,382		6.18%	J	2003
Greeley Mall	29,117 30,000	_	30,000		4.10%	197(a)	2013
La Cumbre Plaza(d)		_		_		interest only	
La Encantada(e)	44,850	-	42,648	_	5.16%	interest only	2005
Marketplace Mall	42,062	_	— 05.000	_	5.30%	267(a)	2017
Northridge Mall(f)	84,479	_	85,000	_	4.84%	453(a)	2009
Northwest Arkansas Mall	55,202	_	55,937	_	7.33%	434(a)	2009
Oaks, The (g)	108,000	_	108,000	_	3.96%	interest only	2006
Pacific View	92,117	_	92,703	_	7.16%	648(a)	2011
Panorama Mall(h)	32,250	_	32,250	_	4.90%	87(a)	2005
Paradise Valley Mall	77,872		78,797		5.39%	506(a)	2007
Paradise Valley Mall	23,456	_	23,870	_	5.89%	183(a)	2009
Pittsford Plaza	26,365		-		5.02%	159(a)	2013
Prescott Gateway(i)	35,280	_	35,280	_	4.59%	interest only	2007
Paradise Village Ground Leases	7,328	_	7,463	_	5.39%	56(a)	2006
Queens Center	94,128	_	94,792	_	6.88%	633(a)	2009
Queens Center(j)	104,618	104,618	97,743	97,744	5.61%	interest only	2013
Rimrock Mall	44,306	_	44,571	_	7.45%	320(a)	2011
Rotterdam Square(k)	9,743	_	_	_	4.94%	interest only	2006
Salisbury, Center at(l)	79,875	_	79,875	_	4.75%	interest only	2006
Santa Monica Place	81,505	_	81,958	_	7.70%	606(a)	2010
Scottsdale 101/Associates(m)	39,408	_	38,056	_	5.21%	interest only	2006
Shoppingtown Mall	48,506	_	_	_	5.01%	319(a)	2011
South Plains Mall	60,970	_	61,377	_	8.22%	454(a)	2009
South Towne Center	64,000	_	64,000	_	6.61%	interest only	2008
Towne Mall	15,932	_	_	_	4.99%	100(a)	2012
Valley View Center	51,000	_	51,000	_	7.89%	interest only	2006
Victor Valley, Mall of	54,167	_	54,729	_	4.60%	304(a)	2008
Village Center	7,064	_	7,248	_	5.39%	62(a)	2006
Village Crossroads	4,583	_	4,695	_	4.81%	37(a)	2005
Village Fair North	11,674	_	11,823	_	5.89%	82(a)	2008
Village Plaza	5,170	_	5,316	_	5.39%	47(a)	2006
Village Square I & II	4,538	_	4,659	_	5.39%	41(a)	2006
Vintage Faire Mall	66,692	_	67,101	_	7.89%	508(a)	2010
Westside Pavilion	95,553	_	96,192	_	6.67%	628(a)	2008
Wilton Mall	49,496	_		_	4.79%	349(a)	2009
Total	\$ 2,998,073	\$ 147,932	\$ 2,195,338	\$ 141,782			
	. ,,		. ,===,=30				

⁽¹⁾ The mortgage notes payable balances include the unamortized debt premium (discount). These debt premium (discount) represent the excess of the fair value of debt over the principal value of debt assumed in various acquisitions subsequent to March 1994 (with interest rates ranging from 3.81% to 7.98%). The debt premium (discount) is amortized into interest expense over the term of the related debt in a manner which approximates the effective interest method.

The debt premium (discount) as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 consist of the following:

	2005	2004	
Borgata	\$ 684	\$ 83	1
Danbury Fair Mall	23,993	_	_
Eastview Commons	1,081	_	_
Eastview Mall	2,442	_	_
Flagstaff Mall	166	30	8
Freehold Raceway Mall	20,969	_	_
Great Northern Mall	(232)	_	_
Marketplace Mall	2,058	_	_
Paradise Valley Mall	1,182	1,57	6
Paradise Valley Mall	1,124	1,27	1
Paradise Village Ground Leases	91	15	2
Pittsford Plaza	1,277	_	_
Shoppingtown Mall	6,442	-	_
Towne Mall	700	_	_
Victor Valley, Mall of	861	1,02	2
Village Center	104	17	4
Village Crossroads	22	8	8
Village Fair North	291	34	0
Village Plaza	206	28	4
Village Square I and II	54	10	1
Wilton Mall	6,400	_	_
Total	\$ 69,915	\$ 6,14	7

- (a) This represents the monthly payment of principal and interest.
- (b) This amount represents the monthly payment of principal and interest. In addition, contingent interest, as defined in the loan agreement, may be due to the extent that 35% of the amount by which the property's gross receipts (as defined in the loan agreement) exceeds a base amount specified therein. Contingent interest expense recognized by the Company was \$330 and \$131 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. Contingent interest expense recognized by the Company was \$256 and \$123 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.
- (c) This loan is an interest only loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.65%. At June 30, 2005, the total interest rate was 7.20%.
- (d) Concurrent with the acquisition of this property, the Company placed a \$30,000 floating rate loan with an initial interest rate of 2.29%. The interest rate is based on LIBOR plus 0.88%. The loan matures August 1, 2007 with two one-year extensions through August 1, 2009. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 the total interest rate was 4.10% and 3.28%, respectively. This variable rate debt is covered by an interest rate cap agreement over the loan term which effectively prevents the interest rate from exceeding 7.12%.
- (e) This represents a construction loan which shall not exceed \$51,000 bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.0%. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total interest rate was 5.16% and 4.03%, respectively.
- (f) On June 30, 2004, the Company placed a new \$85,000 loan maturing in 2009. The loan floated at LIBOR plus 2.0% for six months and then converted to a fixed rate loan at 4.94%. The effective interest rate over the entire term is 4.84%.
- (g) Concurrent with the acquisition of the mall, the Company placed a \$108,000 loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.15% and maturing July 1, 2004 with three consecutive one year options. \$92,000 of the loan is at LIBOR plus 0.7% and \$16,000 is at LIBOR plus 3.75%. In June 2005, the Company extended the loan maturity to July 2006. This variable rate debt is covered by an interest rate cap agreement over the loan term which effectively prevents the LIBOR interest rate from exceeding 7.10%. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total weighted average interest rate was 3.96% and 2.64%, respectively.

18

- (h) This loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.65%.
- (i) This represented a construction loan which was not to exceed \$46,300 and bore interest at LIBOR plus 2.25%. Effective February 18, 2004, the loan commitment was reduced to \$44,320. On July 31, 2004, this construction loan matured and was replaced with a three-year loan, plus two one-year extension options at LIBOR plus 1.65%. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total interest rate was 4.59% and 3.63%, respectively.
- (j) This represents a \$225,000 construction loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.50%. The loan converts to a permanent fixed rate loan at 7%, subject to certain conditions including completion and stabilization of the expansion and redevelopment project. As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total interest rate was 5.61% and 4.78%, respectively. NML is the lender for 50% of the construction loan. The funds advanced by NML is considered related party debt as they are a joint venture partner with the Company in Macerich Northwestern Associates.
- (k) This loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%. At June 30, 2005, the total interest rate was 4.94%.

- (l) This floating rate loan was issued on February 18, 2004. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.375% and matures February 20, 2006 with a one-year extension option. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total interest rate was 4.75% and 2.75%, respectively.
- (m) The property has a construction note payable which shall not exceed \$54,000, bearing an interest rate of LIBOR plus 2.00%. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the total interest rate was 5.21% and 4.14%, respectively.

Certain mortgage loan agreements contain a prepayment penalty provision for the early extinguishment of the debt.

Total interest expense capitalized during the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 was \$4,417 and \$2,152, respectively. Total interest expense capitalized during the six and three months ended June 30, 2004 was \$6,950 and \$2,915, respectively.

The fair value of mortgage notes payable is estimated to be approximately \$3,285,449 and \$2,479,148, at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively, based on current interest rates for comparable loans.

7. Bank and Other Notes Payable:

The Company had a \$425,000 revolving line of credit. This revolving line of credit had a three-year term through July 26, 2005 with a one-year extension option. The interest rate fluctuated from LIBOR plus 1.75% to LIBOR plus 3.00% depending on the Company's overall leverage level. On July 30, 2004, the Company amended and expanded the revolving line of credit to \$1,000,000 and extended the maturity to July 30, 2007 plus a one-year extension. The interest rate has been reduced to 1.50% over LIBOR based on the Company's current leverage level. The interest rate fluctuates from LIBOR plus 1.15% to LIBOR plus 1.70% depending on the Company's overall leverage level. As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, \$788,000 and \$643,000 of borrowings were outstanding at an average interest rate of 4.86% and 3.81%, respectively.

On May 13, 2003, the Company issued \$250,000 in unsecured notes maturing in May 2007 with a one-year extension option bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.50%. The proceeds were used to pay down and create more availability under the Company's line of credit. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, \$250,000 was outstanding at an interest rate of 4.45%. In October 2003, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixed the interest rate at 4.45% from November 2003 to October 13, 2005. Concurrent with the Wilmorite closing (See Note 11 – Wilmorite Acquisition), the Company repriced these unsecured notes. The interest rate was reduced from LIBOR plus 2.5% to LIBOR plus 1.5%.

Concurrent with the Wilmorite closing (See Note 11 – Wilmorite Acquisition), the Company obtained a five year, \$450,000 term loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.50% and a \$650,000 acquisition loan with a term of up to two years and bearing interest initially at LIBOR plus 1.60%. As of June 30, 2005, the entire term and acquisition loans were outstanding at interest rates of 4.59% and 4.89%, respectively.

Additionally, as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company has contingent obligations of \$29,126 in letters of credit guaranteeing performance by the Company of certain obligations relating to the Centers. The Company does not believe that these letters of credit will result in a liability to the Company.

19

8. Related-Party Transactions:

The Company engaged MMC, certain of the Westcor Management Companies and the Wilmorite Management Companies to manage the operations of certain properties and unconsolidated joint ventures. Under these arrangements, MMC, the Westcor Management Companies and the Wilmorite Management Companies are reimbursed for compensation paid to on-site employees, leasing agents and project managers at the Centers, as well as insurance costs and other administrative expenses. For the six and three months ending June 30, 2005, management fees of \$5,194 and \$2,842 respectively, were paid to MMC by the joint ventures. For the six and three months ending June 30, 2004, management fees of \$4,614 and \$2,335, respectively, were paid to MMC by the joint ventures. For the six and three months ending June 30, 2005 management fees of \$2,887 and \$1,489, respectively, were paid to the Westcor Management Companies by the joint ventures. For the six and three months ending June 30, 2004 management fees of \$2,449 and \$1,238, respectively, were paid to the Westcor Management Companies by the joint ventures. For the six and three months ending June 30, 2005, \$135 and \$135 were paid by the joint ventures to the Wilmorite Management Companies, respectively.

Certain mortgage notes are held by one of the Company's joint venture partners. Interest expense in connection with these notes was \$4,392 and \$2,360 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. Interest expense in connection with these notes was \$2,535 and \$1,403 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively. Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses is interest payable to these partners of \$616 and \$535 at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively.

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company had loans to unconsolidated joint ventures of \$6,476 and \$6,643, respectively. These loans represent initial funds advanced to development stage projects prior to construction loan fundings.

Certain Company officers and affiliates have guaranteed mortgages of \$21,750 at one of the Company's joint venture properties.

9. Commitments and Contingencies:

The Company has certain properties subject to noncancellable operating ground leases. The leases expire at various times through 2098, subject in some cases to options to extend the terms of the lease. Certain leases provide for contingent rent payments based on a percentage of base rental income, as defined. Ground rent expenses, net of amounts capitalized, were \$1,878 and \$1,015 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. Ground rent expenses, net of amounts capitalized, were \$303 and \$184 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively. No contingent rent was incurred in either period.

Perchloroethylene ("PCE") has been detected in soil and groundwater in the vicinity of a dry cleaning establishment at North Valley Plaza, formerly owned by a joint venture of which the Company was a 50% member. The property was sold on December 18, 1997. The California Department of Toxic Substances Control ("DTSC") advised the Company in 1995 that very low levels of Dichloroethylene ("1,2 DCE"), a degradation byproduct of PCE, had been detected in a municipal water well located 1/4 mile west of the dry cleaners, and that the dry cleaning facility may have contributed to the

introduction of 1,2 DCE into the water well. According to DTSC, the maximum contaminant level ("MCL") for 1,2 DCE which is permitted in drinking water is 6 parts per billion ("ppb"). The 1,2 DCE was detected in the water well at a concentration of 1.2 ppb, which is below the MCL. The Company has retained an environmental consultant and has initiated extensive testing of the site. The joint venture agreed (between itself and the buyer) that it would be responsible for continuing to pursue the investigation and remediation of impacted soil and groundwater resulting from releases of PCE from the former dry cleaner. Approximately \$30 and \$21 have already been incurred by the joint venture for remediation, professional and legal fees for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company has been sharing costs with former owners of the property. An additional \$53 remains reserved at June 30, 2005.

The Company acquired Fresno Fashion Fair in December 1996. Asbestos was detected in structural fireproofing throughout much of the Center. Testing data conducted by professional environmental consulting firms indicates that the fireproofing is largely inaccessible to building occupants and is well adhered to the structural members. Additionally, airborne concentrations of asbestos were well within OSHA's permissible exposure limit ("PEL") of .1 fcc. The accounting at acquisition included a reserve of \$3,300 to cover future removal of this asbestos, as necessary. The Center was recently renovated and a substantial amount of the asbestos was removed. The Company incurred \$4 and \$33 in remediation costs for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. An additional \$615 remains reserved at June 30, 2005.

20

10. Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock:

On February 25, 1998, the Company issued 3,627,131 shares of Series A cumulative convertible redeemable preferred stock ("Series A Preferred Stock") for proceeds totaling \$100,000 in a private placement. The preferred stock can be converted on a one for one basis into common stock and will pay a quarterly dividend equal to the greater of \$0.46 per share, or the dividend then payable on a share of common stock.

No dividends will be declared or paid on any class of common or other junior stock to the extent that dividends on Series A Preferred Stock have not been declared and/or paid.

The holders of Series A Preferred Stock have redemption rights if a change in control of the Company occurs, as defined under the Articles Supplementary. Under such circumstances, the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to require the Company to redeem their shares, to the extent the Company has funds legally available therefore, at a price equal to 105% of its liquidation preference plus accrued and unpaid dividends. The Series A Preferred Stock holder also has the right to require the Company to repurchase its shares if the Company fails to be taxed as a REIT for federal tax purposes at a price equal to 115% of its liquidation preference plus accrued and unpaid dividends, to the extent funds are legally available therefore.

11. Wilmorite Acquisition:

On April 25, 2005, the Company and the Operating Partnership completed its acquisition of Wilmorite Properties, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Wilmorite") and Wilmorite Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Wilmorite Holdings"). The results of Wilmorite and Wilmorite Holding's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since that date. Wilmorite's existing portfolio includes interests in 11 regional malls and two open-air community shopping centers with 13.4 million square feet of space located in Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Kentucky and Virginia.

The total purchase price was approximately \$2,333,333, plus adjustments for working capital, including the assumption of approximately \$877,174 of existing debt with an average interest rate of 6.43% and the issuance of \$234,169 of convertible preferred units ("CPUs") and \$5,815 of common units in Wilmorite Holdings. The balance of the consideration to the equity holders of Wilmorite and Wilmorite Holdings was paid in cash, which was provided primarily by a five-year, \$450,000 term loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.50% and a \$650,000 acquisition loan with a term of up to two years and bearing interest initially at LIBOR plus 1.60%. An affiliate of the Operating Partnership is the general partner, and together with other affiliates, own approximately 83% of Wilmorite Holdings, with the remaining 17% held by those limited partners of Wilmorite Holdings who elected to receive CPUs or common units in Wilmorite Holdings rather than cash. Approximately \$212,668 of the CPUs can be redeemed, subject to certain conditions, for the portion of the Wilmorite portfolio that consists of Eastview Mall, Eastview Commons, Greece Ridge Center, Marketplace Mall and Pittsford Plaza. That right is exercisable during a period of three months beginning on August 31, 2007.

On an unaudited proforma basis, reflecting the acquisition of Wilmorite as if it had occurred on January 1, 2005 and 2004, the Company would have reflected net income available to common stockholders of \$20,302 and \$21,900, respectively, for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004. Net income available to common stockholders on a diluted per share basis would have been \$0.34 and \$0.38 for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004. Total consolidated revenues of the Company would have been \$404,360 and \$345,768 for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

Assets:	
Property, net	\$ 1,798,487
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	443,681
Other assets	225,275
Total assets	\$ 2,467,443
Liabilities:	
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 809,080
Other liabilities	130,653
Total liabilities	\$ 939,733
Minority interest	96,196
Net assets acquired	\$ 1,431,514

The Company accounts for all acquisitions entered into subsequent to June 30, 2001 in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, Business Combinations ("SFAS 141"). The purchase price allocation adjustments included in the Company's balance sheet as of June 30, 2005 are based on information available at this time. Subsequent adjustments to the allocation may be made based on additional information.

12. Subsequent Events:

On July 29, 2005, a dividend/distribution of \$0.65 per share was declared for common stockholders and OP unit holders of record on August 9, 2005. In addition, the Company declared a dividend of \$0.65 on the Company's Series A Preferred Stock. All dividends/distributions will be payable on September 9, 2005.

22

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

Item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains or incorporates statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Those statements appear in a number of places in this Form 10-Q and include statements regarding, among other matters, the Company's growth, acquisition, redevelopment and development opportunities, the Company's acquisition and other strategies, regulatory matters pertaining to compliance with governmental regulations and other factors affecting the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "projects," "predicts," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," and "should" and variations of these words and similar expressions, are used in many cases to identify these forward-looking statements. Stockholders are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company or industry to vary materially from the Company's future results, performance or achievements, or those of the industry, expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. Such factors include the matters described herein and the following factors among others: general industry, economic and business conditions, which will, among other things, affect demand for retail space or retail goods, availability and creditworthiness of current and prospective tenants, Anchor or tenant bankruptcies, closures, mergers or consolidations, lease rates and terms, availability and cost of financing, interest rate fluctuations and operating expenses; adverse changes in the real estate markets including, among other things, competition from other companies, retail formats and technologies, risks of real estate redevelopment, development, acquisitions and dispositions; governmental actions and initiatives (including legislative and regulatory changes); environmental and safety requirements; and terrorist activities that could adve

Statement on Critical Accounting Policies

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") defines "critical accounting policies" as those that require application of management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Some of these estimates and assumptions include judgments on revenue recognition, estimates for common area maintenance and real estate tax accruals, provisions for uncollectible accounts, impairment of long-lived assets, the allocation of purchase price between tangible and intangible assets, and estimates for environmental matters. The Company's significant accounting policies are described in more detail in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. However, the following policies could be deemed to be critical within the SEC definition.

Revenue Recognition:

Minimum rental revenues are recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related lease. The difference between the amount of rent due in a year and the amount recorded as rental income is referred to as the "straight lining of rent adjustment." On tenant leases in which the Company funds leasehold improvements, which generally represents fixed assets that the Company owns and controls, straight-line rental revenue is recognized at the rent commencement date. On tenant leases that do not provide for landlord funding but rather provide for tenant funded construction and furnishing of the leased premises prior to the formal commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes straight-line rental revenue on such leases on a straight-lined basis beginning on the date the space is turned over to the tenant. Currently, 52% of the mall and freestanding leases contain provisions for Consumer Price Index ("CPI") rent increases periodically throughout the term of the lease. The Company believes that using an annual multiple of CPI increases, rather than fixed contractual rent increases, results in revenue recognition that more closely matches the cash revenue from each lease and will provide more consistent rent growth throughout the term of the leases.

Percentage rents are recognized in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101. Percentage rents are accrued when the tenants' specified sales targets have been met. Estimated recoveries from tenants for real estate taxes, insurance and other shopping center operating expenses are recognized as revenues in the period the applicable expenses are incurred.

Costs related to the development, redevelopment, construction and improvement of properties are capitalized. Interest incurred or imputed on development, redevelopment and construction projects is capitalized until construction is substantially complete.

Maintenance and repair expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs for major replacements and betterments, which includes HVAC equipment, roofs, parking lots, etc. are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Gains and losses are recognized upon disposal or retirement of the related assets and are reflected in earnings.

Property is recorded at cost and is depreciated using a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-40 years
Tenant improvements	initial term of related lease
Equipment and furnishings	5-7 years

The Company accounts for all acquisitions entered into subsequent to June 30, 2001 in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, Business Combinations ("SFAS 141"). The Company first determines the value of the land and buildings utilizing an "as if vacant" methodology. The Company will then assign a fair value to any debt assumed at acquisition. The balance of the purchase price is allocated to tenant improvements and identifiable intangible assets or liabilities. Tenant improvements represent the tangible assets associated with the existing leases valued on a fair market value basis at the acquisition date prorated over the remaining lease terms. The tenant improvements are classified as an asset under real estate investments and are depreciated over the remaining lease terms. Identifiable intangible assets and liabilities relate to the value of in-place operating leases which come in three forms: (i) origination value, which represents the value associated with "cost avoidance" of acquiring in-place leases, such as lease commissions paid under terms generally experienced in our markets; (ii) value of in-place leases, which represents the estimated loss of revenue and of costs incurred for the period required to lease the "assumed vacant" property to the occupancy level when purchased; and (iii) above or below market value of in-place leases, which represents the difference between the contractual rents and market rents at the time of the acquisition, discounted for tenant credit risks. The origination value is recorded as an other asset and is amortized over the remaining lease terms. The value of in-place leases is recorded as deferred charges and amortized over the remaining lease term plus an estimate of renewal of the acquired leases. Above or below market leases are classified as an other asset or liability, depending on whether the contractual terms are above or below market, and the asset or liability is amortized to rental revenue over the remaining terms of the lea

When the Company acquires real estate properties, the Company allocates the components of these acquisitions using relative fair values computed using its estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions impact the amount of costs allocated between various components as well as the amount of costs assigned to individual properties in multiple property acquisitions. These allocations also impact depreciation expense and gains or losses recorded on future sales of properties. Generally, the Company engages a valuation firm to assist with the allocation.

The Company adopted SFAS 144 on January 1, 2002, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets.

The Company assesses whether there has been an impairment in the value of its long-lived assets by considering factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other economic factors. Such factors include the tenants' ability to perform their duties and pay rent under the terms of the leases. The Company may recognize an impairment loss if the cash flows are not sufficient to cover its investment. Such a loss would be determined as the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the asset.

24

Deferred Charges:

Costs relating to obtaining tenant leases are deferred and amortized over the initial term of the agreement using the straight-line method. Cost relating to financing of shopping center properties are deferred and amortized over the life of the related loan using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. In-place lease values are amortized over the remaining lease term plus an estimate of renewal. Leasing commissions and legal costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the individual remaining lease years. The range of the terms of the agreements are as follows:

Deferred lease costs	1-15 years
Deferred financing costs	1-15 years
In-place lease values	Remaining lease term plus an estimate for renewal
Leasing commissions and legal costs	5-10 years

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements:

The Company has an ownership interest in a number of joint ventures as detailed in Note 3 to the Company's consolidated financial statements included herein. The Company accounts for those investments using the equity method of accounting and those investments are reflected on the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as "Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures." A pro rata share of the mortgage debt on these properties is shown in Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk. In addition, the following joint ventures also have debt that could become recourse debt to the Company or its subsidiaries, in excess of its pro rata share, should the partnership be unable to discharge the obligations of the related debt:

Maximum amount of debi

princi recours	pal that could be se to the Company	
(Dolla	nrs in thousands)	Maturity Date
\$	2,679	1/1/2006
	14,749	12/19/2006
	3,490	3/11/2007
\$	20,918	
	princi recours (Dolla	14,749 3,490

The above amounts decreased by \$3.2 million from December 31, 2004.

Additionally, as of June 30, 2005, the Company has certain obligations of \$29.1 million in letters of credit guaranteeing performance by the Company of certain obligations relating to the Centers. The Company does not believe that these letters of credit will result in a liability to the Company.

Long-term contractual obligations:

The following is a schedule of long-term contractual obligations as of June 30, 2005 for the consolidated Centers over the periods in which they are expected to be paid:

	Payment Due by Period								
Contractual Obligations				Less than		1 - 3	3 - 5		More than
(Dollars in thousands)		Total		1 year		years	years		five years
Long-term debt obligations (includes expected interest									
payments)	\$	5,560,863	\$	319,849	\$	2,239,951	\$ 1,145,378	\$	1,855,685
Operating lease obligations		479,901		3,408		7,051	7,636		461,806
Purchase obligations		13,601		13,601		_	_		_
Other long-term liabilities		292,330		292,330			_		
Total	\$	6,346,695	\$	629,188	\$	2,247,002	\$ 1,153,014	\$	2,317,491

During the six and three months ending June 30, 2005, there have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of business in the above specified obligations since the disclosure in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

25

Recent Transactions:

The following table reflects the Company's acquisitions in 2004 and for the six and three months ending June 30, 2005.

Property/Entity	Date Acquired	Location
2004 Acquisitions:		
Inland Center	1/30/04	San Bernardino, California
NorthPark Center	5/11/04	Dallas, Texas
Victor Valley, Mall of	7/1/04	Victor Valley, California
La Cumbre Plaza	7/20/04	Santa Barbara, California
Fiesta Mall	11/16/04	Mesa, Arizona
Paradise Village Ground Leases, Village Center, Village Crossroads, Village Fair and Paradise Village Office Park II	12/30/04	Phoenix, Arizona
2005 Acquisitions:		
Metrocenter	1/11/05	Phoenix, Arizona
Kierland Commons	1/21/05	Scottsdale, Arizona
Ridgmar Mall	4/8/05	Fort Worth, Texas
Wilmorite Portfolio:	4/25/05	
Danbury Fair Mall		Danbury, Connecticut
Eastview Commons		Victor, New York
Eastview Mall		Victor, New York
Freehold Raceway Mall		Freehold, New Jersey
Great Northern Mall		Clay, New York
Greece Ridge Center		Greece, New York
Marketplace Mall		Henrietta, New York
Pittsford Plaza		Pittsford, New York
Rotterdam Square		Schenectady, New York
Shoppingtown Mall		Dewitt, New York
Towne Mall		Elizabethtown, Kentucky
Tysons Corner Center		McLean,Virginia
Tysons Corner Office		McLean,Virginia
Wilton Mall		Sarasota Springs, New York

The financial statements reflect the following acquisitions, dispositions and changes in ownership subsequent to the occurrence of each transaction.

On January 30, 2004, the Company, in a 50/50 joint venture with a private investment company, acquired Inland Center, a 1 million square foot superregional mall in San Bernardino, California. The total purchase price was \$63.3 million and concurrently with the acquisition, the joint venture placed a \$54.0 million fixed rate loan on the property. The Company's share of the remainder of the purchase price was funded by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit.

On May 11, 2004, the Company, in a 50/50 joint venture with a private mall owner, acquired NorthPark Center, a 1.3 million square foot regional mall in Dallas, Texas. The Company's initial investment in the property was \$30.0 million which was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit. In addition, the Company assumed a pro rata share of debt of \$86.6 million and funded an additional \$45.0 million post-closing. As of June 30, 2005, the Company's total investment in the joint venture was \$75.0 million.

On July 1, 2004, the Company acquired the Mall of Victor Valley in Victorville, California and on July 20, 2004, the Company acquired La Cumbre Plaza in Santa Barbara, California. The Mall of Victor Valley is a 508,000 square foot regional mall and La Cumbre Plaza is a 494,000 square foot regional mall. The combined total purchase price was \$151.3 million. The purchase price for the Mall of Victor Valley included the assumption of an existing fixed rate loan of \$54.0 million at 5.25% maturing in March, 2008. Concurrent with the closing of La Cumbre Plaza, a \$30.0 million floating rate loan was placed on the property with an initial interest rate of 2.29%. The balance of the purchase price was paid in cash and borrowings from the Company's revolving line of credit.

On November 16, 2004, the Company acquired Fiesta Mall, a 1 million square foot super regional mall in Mesa, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$135.2 million which was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit. On December 2, 2004, the Company placed a ten year \$84.0 million fixed rate loan at 4.88% on the property.

On December 16, 2004, the Company sold the Westbar property, a Phoenix area property that consisted of a collection of ground leases, a shopping center, and land for \$47.5 million. The sale resulted in a gain on sale of asset of \$6.8 million.

On December 30, 2004, the Company purchased the unaffiliated owners' 50% tenants in common interest in Paradise Village Ground Leases, Village Center, Village Crossroads, Village Fair and Paradise Village Office Park II. All of these assets are located in Phoenix, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$50.0 million which included the assumption of the unaffiliated owners' share of debt of \$15.2 million. The balance of the purchase price was paid in cash and borrowings from the Company's line of credit. Accordingly, the Company now owns 100% of these assets.

On January 5, 2005, the Company sold Arizona Lifestyle Galleries for \$4.3 million. The sale resulted in a gain on sale on asset of \$0.3 million.

On January 11, 2005, the Company became a 15% owner in a joint venture that acquired Metrocenter, a 1.4 million square foot super-regional mall in Phoenix, Arizona. The total purchase price was \$160 million and concurrently with the acquisition, the joint venture placed a \$112 million loan on the property. The Company's share of the purchase price, net of the debt, was \$7.2 million which was funded by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit.

On January 21, 2005, the Company formed a 50/50 joint venture with a private investment company. The joint venture acquired a 49% interest in Kierland Commons, a 320,000 square foot mixed use center in Phoenix, Arizona. The joint venture's purchase price for the interest in the center was \$49.0 million. The Company assumed its share of the underlying property debt and funded the remainder of its share of the purchase price by cash and borrowings under the Company's line of credit.

On April 8, 2005, the Company acquired Ridgmar Mall, a 1.3 million square foot super-regional mall in Fort Worth, Texas. The acquisition was completed in a 50/50 joint venture with an affiliate of Walton Street Capital, LLC. The purchase price was \$71.1 million. Concurrent with the closing, a \$57.4 million loan bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.0725% was placed on the property. The balance of the purchase price was funded by borrowings under the Company's line of credit.

On April 25, 2005, the Company and the Operating Partnership completed its acquisition of Wilmorite Properties, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Wilmorite") and Wilmorite Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Wilmorite Holdings"). Wilmorite's existing portfolio includes interests in 11 regional malls and two open-air community shopping centers with 13.4 million square feet of space located in Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Kentucky and Virginia. The total purchase price was approximately \$2.333 billion, including the assumption of approximately \$877.2 million of existing debt with an average interest rate of 6.43% and the issuance of \$234 million of convertible preferred units ("CPUs") and \$5.8 million of common units in Wilmorite Holdings. The balance of the consideration to the equity holders of Wilmorite and Wilmorite Holdings was paid in cash, which was provided primarily by a five-year, \$450 million term loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.50% and a \$650 million acquisition loan with a term of up to two years and bearing interest initially at LIBOR plus 1.60%. An affiliate of the Operating Partnership is the general partner and, together with other affiliates, own approximately 83% of Wilmorite Holdings, with the remaining 17% held by those limited partners of Wilmorite Holdings who elected to receive CPUs or common units in Wilmorite Holdings rather than cash. Approximately \$213 million of the CPUs can be redeemed, subject to certain conditions, for the portion of the Wilmorite portfolio generally located in the area of Rochester, New York. The Wilmorite portfolio, exclusive of Tysons Corner Center and Tysons Corner Office (collectively referred herein as "Tysons Center"), are referred to herein as the "2005 Wilmorite Centers."

The Mall of Victor Valley, La Cumbre Plaza, Fiesta Mall, Paradise Village Ground Leases, Village Center, Village Crossroads, Village Fair and Paradise Village Office Park II are referred to herein as the "2004 Acquisition Centers."

Inland Center, Kierland Commons, Metrocenter, NorthPark Center, Ridgmar Mall and Tysons Center are joint ventures and these properties are reflected using the equity method of accounting. The Company's share of the results of these acquisitions are reflected in the consolidated results of operations of the Company in the income statement line item entitled "Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures."

27

Many of the variations in the results of operations, discussed below, occurred due to the transactions described above including the acquisition of the 2005 Wilmorite Centers and the 2004 Acquisition Centers. Inland Center, Kierland Commons, Metrocenter, NorthPark Center, Ridgmar Mall and Tysons Center are referred to herein as the "Joint Venture Acquisition Centers." 29th Street, Parklane Mall, Santa Monica Place and Queens Center were under redevelopment during the reporting periods and are referred to herein as the "Redevelopment Centers." La Encantada and Scottsdale 101 were under development during the reporting periods and are referred to herein as the "Development Properties." All other Centers, excluding the Redevelopment Centers, the Development Properties, the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, the 2004 Acquisition Centers and the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers, are referred to herein as the "Same Centers," unless the context otherwise requires.

Straight-lining of Rents:

Revenues include rents attributable to the accounting practice of straight-lining of rents which requires rent to be recognized each year in an amount equal to the average rent over the term of the lease, including fixed rent increases over that period. The amount of straight-lined rents, included in consolidated revenues, recognized for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 was \$2.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, compared to \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004. Additionally, the Company recognized through equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures, \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million as its pro rata share of straight-lined rents from joint ventures for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004. These increases in straight-lining of rents related to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, the 2004 Acquisition Centers and Joint Venture Acquisition Centers which are offset by decreases resulting from the Company structuring the majority of its new leases using an annual multiple of CPI increases, which generally do not require straight-lining treatment. Currently, 52% of the mall and freestanding leases contain provisions for CPI rent increases periodically throughout the term of the lease. The Company believes that using an annual multiple of CPI increases, rather than fixed contractual rent increases, results in revenue recognition that more closely matches the cash revenue from each lease and will provide more consistent rent growth throughout the term of the leases.

Risk Factors:

The Company's historical growth in revenues, net income and Funds From Operations have been closely tied to the acquisition and redevelopment of shopping centers. Many factors, including the availability and cost of capital, the Company's total amount of debt outstanding, interest rates and the availability of attractive acquisition targets, among others, will affect the Company's ability to acquire and redevelop additional properties in the future. The Company may not be successful in pursuing acquisition opportunities and newly acquired properties may not perform as well as expected in terms of achieving the anticipated financial and operating results. Some of the factors that may affect anticipated results are the Company's ability to (i) integrate and manage new properties; (ii) dispose of any non-core acquired assets within an expected time frame; and (iii) raise long-term financing to implement a capital structure at a cost of capital consistent with its business strategy. Increased competition for acquisitions may also impact adversely the Company's ability to acquire additional properties on favorable terms. Expenses arising from the Company's efforts to complete acquisitions, redevelop properties or increase its market penetration may have an adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the following describes some of the other significant factors that may impact the Company's future results of operations.

General Factors Affecting the Centers; Competition: Real property investments are subject to varying degrees of risk that may affect the ability of the Centers to generate sufficient revenues to meet operating and other expenses, including debt service, lease payments, capital expenditures and tenant improvements, and to make distributions to the Company and the Company's stockholders. Income from shopping center properties may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including: the national economic climate; the regional and local economy (which may be adversely impacted by plant closings, industry slowdowns, union activities, adverse weather conditions, natural disasters, terrorist activities, and other factors); local real estate conditions (such as an oversupply of, or a reduction in demand for, retail space or retail goods and the availability and creditworthiness of current and prospective tenants); perceptions by retailers or shoppers of the safety, convenience and attractiveness of the shopping center; and increased costs of maintenance, insurance and operations (including real estate taxes). A significant percentage of the Centers are located in California, the Westcor centers are concentrated in Arizona and 12 centers are located in New York, New Jersey or Connecticut. To the extent that economic, real estate or other factors affect California, Arizona, New York, New Jersey or Connecticut (or their respective regions generally) more severely than other areas of the country, the negative impact on the Company's economic performance could be significant. There are numerous shopping facilities that compete with the Centers for retail sales. Increased competition could adversely affect the Company's revenues. Income from shopping center properties and shopping center values are also affected by such factors as applicable laws and regulations, including tax, environmental, safety and zoning laws, and by interest rate levels and the availability and cost of financing.

28

Dependence on Anchors/Tenants: The Company's revenues and funds available for distribution would be adversely affected if a significant number of the Company's lessees were unable (due to poor operating results, bankruptcy, terrorist activities or other reasons) to meet their obligations, if the Company were unable to lease a significant amount of space in the Centers on economically favorable terms, or if for any reason, the Company were unable to collect a significant amount of rental payments. A decision by an Anchor or a significant tenant to cease operations at a Center could also have an adverse effect on the Company. The closing of an Anchor or other significant tenant may allow other Anchors and/or other tenants to terminate their leases, seek rent relief and/or cease operating their stores at the Center or otherwise adversely affect occupancy at the Center. In addition, mergers, acquisitions, consolidations, dispositions or bankruptcies in the retail industry could result in the loss of Anchors or tenants at one or more Centers. The bankruptcy and/or closure of retail stores, or sale of a store or stores to a less desirable retailer, may reduce occupancy levels and rental income, or otherwise adversely affect the Company's financial performance. Furthermore, if the store sales of retailers operating in the Centers were to decline sufficiently, tenants might be unable to pay their minimum rents or expense recovery charges. In the event of a default by a tenant, the Center may also experience delays and costs in enforcing its rights as landlord.

For example, on July 28, 2005, Federated Department Stores, Inc. disclosed that it has identified 68 duplicate locations in 66 malls which will be divested starting in 2006. Ten of the identified malls are Centers. No assurances can be given regarding the impact on the Company of those divestitures if they occur.

Real Estate Development Risks: The Company's business strategy includes the selective development and construction of retail properties. Any development, redevelopment and construction activities that the Company undertakes will be subject to the risks of real estate development, including lack of financing, construction delays, environmental requirements, budget overruns, sunk costs and lease-up. Furthermore, occupancy rates and rents at a newly completed property may not be sufficient to make the property profitable. Real estate development activities are also subject to risks relating to the inability to obtain, or delays in obtaining, all necessary zoning, land-use, building, occupancy and other required governmental permits and authorizations. If any of the above events occur, the ability to pay distributions and service the Company's indebtedness could be adversely affected.

Joint Venture Centers: As of June 30, 2005, the Company indirectly owned partial interests in 44 Joint Venture Centers as well as fee title to a site that is ground leased to the entity that owns a Joint Venture Center and several development sites. The Company may also acquire partial interests in additional properties through joint venture arrangements. Investments in Joint Venture Centers involve risks different from those of investments in wholly-owned Centers. The Company may have fiduciary responsibilities to its partners that could affect decisions concerning the Joint Venture Centers. In certain cases, third parties share with the Company or have (with respect to one Joint Venture Center) control of major decisions relating to the Joint Venture Centers, including decisions with respect to sales, financings and the timing and amount of additional capital contributions, as well as decisions that could have an adverse impact on the Company's REIT status. In addition, some of the Company's outside partners control the day-to-day operations of eight Joint Venture Centers. The Company therefore does not control cash distributions from these Centers and the lack of cash distributions from these Centers could jeopardize the Company's ability to maintain its qualification as a REIT.

Potential Environmental Liabilities: Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances on, under or in that real property. These laws often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of hazardous or toxic substances. The costs of investigation, removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances may be substantial. In addition, the presence of hazardous or toxic substances, or the failure to remedy environmental hazards properly, may adversely affect the owner's or operator's ability to sell or rent affected real property or to borrow money using affected real property as collateral.

Persons or entities that arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances may also be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances at the disposal or treatment facility, whether or not that facility is owned or operated by the person or entity arranging for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances. Laws exist that impose liability for release of asbestos-containing materials into the air, and third

parties may seek recovery from owners or operators of real property for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos-containing materials. In connection with the Company's ownership, operation, management, development and redevelopment of the Centers, or any other Centers or properties acquired in the future, the Company may be potentially liable under these laws and may incur costs in responding to these liabilities. See Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

29

Uninsured Losses: Each of the Centers has comprehensive liability, fire, extended coverage and rental loss insurance with insured limits customarily carried for similar properties. The Company does not insure certain types of losses (such as losses from wars), because they are either uninsurable or not economically insurable. In addition, while the Company or the relevant joint venture, as applicable, carries earthquake insurance on the Centers located in California, the policies are subject to a deductible equal to 5% of the total insured value of each Center, a \$100,000 per occurrence minimum and a combined annual aggregate loss limit of \$200 million on these Centers. While the Company or the relevant joint venture also carries terrorism insurance on the Centers, the policies are subject to a \$10,000 deductible and a combined annual aggregate loss of \$800 million for both certified and non-certified acts of terrorism. Furthermore, the Company carries title insurance on substantially all of the Centers for less than their full value. If an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occurs, the Operating Partnership or the entity, as the case may be, that owns the affected Center could lose its capital invested in the Center, as well as the anticipated future revenue from the Center, while remaining obligated for any mortgage indebtedness or other financial obligations related to the Center. There is also no assurance that the Company will be able to maintain its current insurance coverage. An uninsured loss or loss in excess of insured limits may negatively impact the Company's financial condition. Even if the Company remains qualified as a REIT, it may face other tax liabilities that reduce its cash flow. Further, the Company might be subject to federal, state and local taxes on its income and property. Any of these taxes would decrease cash available for distribution to stockholders.

As a REIT, the Company generally must distribute 90% of its annual taxable income (subject to certain adjustments) to its stockholders. Under certain circumstances, the Company might be unable to distribute 90% of its taxable income as required by the REIT rules. In that case, the Company would need to borrow funds, sell a portion of its investments (potentially at disadvantageous prices) or find another alternative source of funds. Compliance with REIT requirements may also cause the Company to make distributions to its stockholders at disadvantageous times or to forego opportunities the Company would otherwise pursue. In addition, certain REIT provisions could impact the Company's desire to sell assets and other investments at otherwise opportune times if it believes such sales could be considered a prohibited transaction under the applicable REIT provisions.

REIT Qualification: Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Internal Revenue Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations. The complexity of these provisions and of the applicable income tax regulations is greater in the case of a REIT such as the Company that holds its assets in partnership form. The determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within the Company's control, including by the Company's partners in the Joint Venture Centers, may affect its ability to qualify as a REIT. In addition, legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions could significantly change the tax laws with respect to the Company's qualification as a REIT or the federal income tax consequences of that qualification.

If in any taxable year the Company fails to qualify as a REIT, the Company will suffer the following negative results:

- the Company will not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing its taxable income; and
- the Company will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate rates.

In addition, the Company will be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which the qualification was lost, unless the Company was entitled to relief under statutory provisions. As a result, net income and the funds available for distribution to the Company's stockholders will be reduced for at least five years and the fair market value of the Company's stock could be materially adversely affected. Furthermore, the Internal Revenue Service could challenge the Company's REIT status for past periods, which if successful, could result in the Company owing a material amount of tax for prior periods. It is also possible that future economic, market, legal, tax or other considerations might cause the Board of Directors to revoke the Company's REIT election. Even if the Company remains qualified as a REIT, it may face other tax liabilities that reduce its cash flow. Further, the Company might be subject to federal, state and local taxes on its income and property. Any of these taxes would decrease cash available for distribution to stockholders.

As a REIT, the Company generally must distribute 90% of its annual taxable income (subject to certain adjustments) to its stockholders. Under certain circumstances, the Company might be unable to distribute 90% of its taxable income as required by the REIT rules. In that case, the Company would need to borrow funds, sell a portion of its investments (potentially at disadvantageous prices) or find another alternative source of funds. Compliance with REIT requirements may also cause the Company to make distributions to its stockholders at disadvantageous times or to forego opportunities the Company would otherwise pursue. In addition, certain REIT provisions could impact the Company's desire to sell assets and other investments at otherwise opportune times if it believes such sales could be considered a prohibited transaction under the applicable REIT provisions.

Potential Conflicts of Interest. Each of Mace Siegel, Arthur Coppola, Dana Anderson and Edward Coppola (the "principals") serve as executive officers of the Company and are members of its board of directors. Accordingly, these principals have substantial influence over its management and the management of the Operating Partnership. Certain interests of the principals may cause a potential conflict of interest with the Company and its stockholders. The principals will experience negative tax consequences if some of the Centers are sold. As a result, the principals may not favor a sale of these Centers even though such a sale may benefit other Company stockholders. The principals also have guaranteed mortgage loans encumbering one of the Centers in an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$21.75 million. The existence of guarantees of these loans by the principals could result in the principals having interests that are inconsistent with the interests of the Company and its stockholders. Finally, the principals may have different interests than the Company's stockholders in certain corporate transactions because they are significant OP Unit holders in the Operating Partnership.

Minimum and percentage rents increased by 37.7% to \$213.8 million in 2005 from \$155.3 million in 2004. Approximately \$22.9 million of the increase relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$4.0 million relates to the Same Centers, \$13.2 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$18.4 million primarily relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties.

During 2001, the Company adopted SFAS 141. (See "Statement on Critical Accounting Policies"). The amortization of below market leases, which is recorded in minimum rents, increased to \$4.5 million in 2005 from \$3.8 million in 2004. The increase is primarily due to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers and 2004 Acquisition Centers.

Tenant recoveries increased to \$101.5 million in 2005 from \$80.2 million in 2004. Approximately \$14.7 million of the increase relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$3.1 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties and \$5.5 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers. These increases are offset by a \$2.0 million decrease at the Same Centers.

Management Companies' Revenues

Revenues increased by 14.25% to \$11.4 million in 2005 from \$10.0 million in 2004 primarily due to increased management fees received from the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers and third party management contracts.

Shopping Center and Operating Expenses

Shopping center and operating expenses increased to \$106.5 million in 2005 compared to \$78.3 million in 2004. The increase is a result of \$14.6 million due to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$6.6 million due to the 2004 Acquisition Centers, \$5.0 million related to Queens Center and the Development Properties and \$1.4 million related to increased operating and ground rent expenses at the Same Centers.

Management Companies' Operating Expenses

Expenses increased by 21.87% to \$23.3 million in 2005 from \$19.2 million in 2004, primarily due to a reduced income tax benefit and higher compensation expense in 2005 compared to 2004.

REIT General and Administrative Expenses

REIT general and administrative expenses increased to \$6.5 million in 2005 from \$5.3 million in 2004, primarily due to increases in stock-based compensation expense compared to 2004.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased to \$104.3 million in 2005 from \$68.0 million in 2004. Approximately \$7.4 million relates to the assumed debt from the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$10.0 million relates to the term and acquisition loans for the Wilmorite Acquisition, \$7.6 million relates to increased borrowings on the Company's line of credit, \$2.0 million relates to the Northridge Center loan which closed on June 30, 2004, \$3.9 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$8.0 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties. Additionally, capitalized interest was \$4.4 million in 2005, down from \$5.7 million in 2004. These increases are offset by a \$4.0 million decrease, related to the payoff of the \$250 million term loan on June 30, 2004.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased to \$90.4 million in 2005 from \$67.2 million in 2004. Approximately \$15.1 million relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$5.3 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$4.5 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties. This is offset by a \$1.7 million decrease relating to the Same Centers.

Equity in Income from Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

The equity in income from unconsolidated joint ventures was \$27.6 million for 2005, compared to \$28.2 million in 2004. This decrease is primarily due to increased depreciation relating to SFAS 141 on the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers of \$9.6 million, increased interest expense of \$1.4 million in 2005 on floating rate debt, \$4.7 million increase in interest expense relating to the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers and \$7.3 million of an increase in shopping center expenses from the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers of \$20.5 million.

31

Loss on Early Extinguishment of Debt

In 2004, the Company recorded a loss from early extinguishment of debt of \$0.4 million related to the payoff of a loan at one of the Redevelopment Centers.

Gain on Sale of Assets

In 2005, a gain of \$1.3 million was recorded relating to land sales compared to \$0.3 million of land sales for the six months ending June 30, 2004.

Discontinued Operations

The gain on sale of \$0.2 million in 2005 relates to the sale of Arizona Lifestyle Galleries on January 5, 2005. The decrease in income from discontinued operations related to the Westbar property sale on December 16, 2004.

Minority Interest

The minority interest represents the 19.21% weighted average interest of the Operating Partnership by the Company during 2005. This compares to 19.56% not owned by the Company during 2004.

Operating Activities

Cash flow from operations was \$87.8 million in 2005 compared to \$88.4 million in 2004. The decrease is primarily due to the foregoing results at the Centers as mentioned above and a decrease in distributions to unconsolidated joint ventures in 2005 compared to 2004.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$39.1 million in 2005 compared to cash used in investing activities of \$143.8 million in 2004. The change resulted primarily from increases in distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures. This is offset by the joint venture acquisitions of Metrocenter and Kierland Commons, the Company's additional contributions to NorthPark Center and the decreased development, redevelopment, expansion and renovation of Centers in 2005 due to substantial completion of the Queens Center and La Encantada projects.

Financing Activities

Cash flow used in financing activities was \$47.0 million in 2005 compared to cash flow provided by financing activities of \$101.9 million in 2004. The 2005 decrease compared to 2004 resulted primarily from fewer refinancings for the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the same period in 2004. Additionally, the funding of the Queens construction loan was \$46.3 million less for the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the same period in 2004 due to the substantial completion of the project.

Funds From Operations

Primarily as a result of the factors mentioned above, Funds from Operations ("FFO")—Diluted increased 11.9% to \$153.0 million in 2005 from \$136.7 million in 2004. For the reconciliation of FFO and FFO-diluted to net income available to common stockholders, see "Funds from Operations."

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

Revenues

Minimum and percentage rents increased by 47.9% to \$118.0 million in 2005 from \$79.8 million in 2004. Approximately \$22.9 million of the increase relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$1.5 million relates to the Same Centers, \$6.2 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$7.6 million primarily relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties.

During 2001, the Company adopted SFAS 141. (See "Statement on Critical Accounting Policies"). The amortization of below market leases, which is recorded in minimum rents, increased to \$2.7 million in 2005 from \$1.7 million in 2004. The increase is primarily due to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers and the 2004 Acquisition Centers.

32

Tenant recoveries increased to \$56.3 million in 2005 from \$40.1 million in 2004. Approximately \$14.7 million of the increase relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$1.8 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties and \$2.6 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers. These increases are offset by a \$3.0 million decrease at the Same Centers, primarily due to lower recoverable operating expenses.

Management Companies' Revenues

Revenues increased by 14% to \$6.2 million in 2005 from \$5.4 million in 2004 primarily due to increased management fees received from the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers and third party management contracts.

Shopping Center and Operating Expenses

Shopping center and operating expenses increased to \$58.7 million in 2005 compared to \$39.5 million in 2004. The increase is a result of approximately \$14.6 million due to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$3.3 million due to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$2.1 million related to Queens Center and the Development Properties. These increases are offset by a \$1.3 million decrease at the Same Centers.

Management Companies' Operating Expenses

Expenses increased by 6.7% to \$12.8 million in 2005 from \$12.0 million in 2004, primarily due to a reduced income tax benefit and higher compensation expense in 2005 compared to 2004.

REIT General and Administrative Expenses

REIT general and administrative expenses increased to \$3.9 million in 2005 from \$2.3 million in 2004, primarily due to increases in stock-based compensation expense compared to 2004.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased to \$61.7 million in 2005 from \$34.8 million in 2004. Approximately \$7.4 million relates to the assumed debt from the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$10.0 million relates to the term and acquisition loans for the Wilmorite Acquisition, \$3.0 million is related to the increased borrowings on the Company's line of credit, \$1.0 million relates to the Northridge Center loan which closed on June 30, 2004, \$1.9 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers and \$4.2 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties. Additionally, capitalized interest was \$2.1 million in 2005, down from \$2.6 million in 2004. These increases are offset by a \$1.0 million decrease, related to the payoff of the \$250 million term loan on July 30, 2004.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased to \$53.4 million in 2005 from \$33.9 million in 2004. Approximately \$15.1 million relates to the 2005 Wilmorite Centers, \$2.0 million relates to the 2004 Acquisition Centers, \$2.1 million relates to Queens Center and the Development Properties and \$0.4 million relates to the Same Centers.

Equity in Income from Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

The equity in income from unconsolidated joint ventures was \$16.3 million for 2005, compared to income of \$13.3 million in 2004. This increase is primarily due to increased income from the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers of \$14.0 million which is offset primarily due to increased depreciation relating to SFAS 141 on the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers of \$4.5 million, increased interest expense of \$0.6 million in 2005 on floating rate debt, increased interest expense of \$3.1 million and increased shopping center expenses of \$3.8 million relating to the Joint Venture Acquisition Centers.

Discontinued Operations

The decrease in income from 2005 compared to 2004 in discontinued operations related to the Westbar property sale on December 16, 2004.

Minority Interest

The minority interest represents the 19.25% weighted average interest of the Operating Partnership by the Company during 2005. This compares to 19.52% not owned by the Company during 2004.

33

Funds From Operations

Primarily as a result of the factors mentioned above, Funds from Operations ("FFO")—Diluted increased 13.25% to \$77.1 million in 2005 from \$68.0 million in 2004. For the reconciliation of FFO and FFO-diluted to net income available to common stockholders, see "Funds from Operations."

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company intends to meet its short term liquidity requirements through cash generated from operations, working capital reserves, property secured borrowings, unsecured corporate borrowings and borrowings under the revolving line of credit. The Company anticipates that revenues will continue to provide necessary funds for its operating expenses and debt service requirements, and to pay dividends to stockholders in accordance with REIT requirements. The Company anticipates that cash generated from operations, together with cash on hand, will be adequate to fund capital expenditures which will not be reimbursed by tenants, other than non-recurring capital expenditures. The following table summarizes capital expenditures incurred at the Centers for the six months ending June 30,:

(Dollars in Millions) Consolidated Centers:	2005	2004
Acquisitions of property and equipment	\$ 1,737.7	\$ 7.4
Development, redevelopment and expansion of Centers	33.5	81.3
Renovations of Centers	10.7	12.3
Tenant allowances	11.1	3.5
Deferred leasing charges	10.4	7.9
Total	\$ 1,803.4	\$ 112.4
Joint Ventures' (at Company's pro rata share) Centers:	2005	2004
Acquisitions of property and equipment	\$ 719.8	\$ 33.5
Development, redevelopment and expansion of Centers	26.8	3.4
Renovations of Centers	8.9	4.4
Tenant allowances	3.2	2.2
Deferred leasing charges	2.2	1.7
Total	\$ 760.9	\$ 45.2

Management expects similar levels to be incurred in future years for tenant allowances and deferred leasing charges and to incur between \$150 million to \$200 million in 2005 for development, redevelopment, expansions and renovations. Capital for major expenditures or major developments and redevelopments has been, and is expected to continue to be, obtained from equity or debt financings which include borrowings under the Company's line of credit and construction loans. However, many factors impact the Company's ability to access capital, such as its overall debt level, interest rates, interest coverage ratios and prevailing market conditions.

On April 25, 2005, the Company and the Operating Partnership completed its acquisition of Wilmorite Properties, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Wilmorite") and Wilmorite Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Wilmorite Holdings"). Wilmorite's existing portfolio includes interests in 11 regional malls and two open-air community shopping centers with 13.4 million square feet of space located in Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Kentucky and Virginia. The total purchase price was approximately \$2.333 billion, including the assumption of approximately \$877.2 million of existing debt with an average interest rate of 6.43% and the issuance of \$234 million of convertible preferred units ("CPUs") and \$5.8 million of common units in Wilmorite Holdings. The balance of the consideration to the equity holders of Wilmorite and Wilmorite Holdings was paid in cash, which was provided primarily by a five-year, \$450 million term loan bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.50% and a \$650 million acquisition loan with a term of up to two years and bearing interest initially at LIBOR plus 1.60%.

On February 28, 2002, the Company issued 1,968,957 common shares with total net proceeds of \$52.3 million. The proceeds from the sale of the common shares were used principally to finance a portion of the Queens Center expansion and redevelopment project and for general corporate purposes. The Queens Center expansion and redevelopment, which had its grand opening in November 2004, cost approximately \$275 million. The Company has a \$225.0 million construction loan which converts to a permanent loan at completion and stabilization, which is collateralized by the Queens Center property.

The Company believes that it will have access to the capital necessary to expand its business in accordance with its strategies for growth and maximizing FFO. The Company presently intends to obtain additional capital necessary for these purposes through a combination of debt or equity financings, joint ventures and the sale of non-core assets. The Company believes joint venture arrangements have in the past and may in the future provide an attractive alternative to other forms of financing, whether for acquisitions or other business opportunities.

The Company's total outstanding loan indebtedness at June 30, 2005 was \$6.7 billion (including its pro rata share of joint venture debt). This equated to a debt to Total Market Capitalization (defined as total debt of the Company, including its pro rata share of joint venture debt, plus aggregate market value of outstanding shares of common stock, assuming full conversion of OP Units and preferred stock into common stock) ratio of approximately 55.5% at June 30, 2005. The majority of the Company's debt consists of fixed-rate conventional mortgages payable collateralized by individual properties.

The Company has filed a shelf registration statement, effective June 6, 2002, to sell securities. The shelf registration is for a total of \$1.0 billion of common stock, common stock warrant or common stock rights. The Company sold a total of 15.2 million shares of common stock under this shelf registration on November 27, 2002. The aggregate offering price of this transaction was approximately \$440.2 million, leaving approximately \$559.8 million available under the shelf registration statement. In addition, the Company filed another shelf registration statement, effective October 27, 2003, to sell up to \$300 million of preferred stock.

The Company had a \$425.0 million revolving line of credit. This revolving line of credit had a three-year term through July 26, 2005 with a one-year extension option. The interest rate fluctuated from LIBOR plus 1.75% to LIBOR plus 3.00% depending on the Company's overall leverage level. On July 30, 2004, the Company amended and expanded the revolving line of credit to \$1 billion and extended the maturity to July 30, 2007 plus a one-year extension. The interest rate has been reduced to 1.50% over LIBOR based on the Company's current leverage level. The interest rate fluctuates from LIBOR plus 1.15% to LIBOR plus 1.70% depending on the Company's overall leverage level. As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, \$788.0 million and \$643.0 million, respectively, of borrowings were outstanding at an average interest rate of 4.86% and 3.81%, respectively.

On May 13, 2003, the Company issued \$250.0 million in unsecured notes maturing in May 2007 with a one-year extension option bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.50%. The proceeds were used to pay down and create more availability under the Company's line of credit. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the entire \$250.0 million of notes were outstanding at an interest rate of 4.45%. In October 2003, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixed the interest rate at 4.45% from November 2003 to October 13, 2005. Concurrent with the Wilmorite closing, the Company repriced these unsecured notes. The interest rate was reduced to LIBOR plus 1.50%.

At June 30, 2005, the Company had cash and cash equivalents available of \$73.8 million.

Funds From Operations ("FFO")

The Company uses FFO in addition to net income to report its operating and financial results and considers FFO and FFO-diluted as supplemental measures for the real estate industry and a supplement to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") measures. The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") defines FFO as net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from extraordinary items and sales of depreciated operating properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. FFO and FFO on a fully diluted basis are useful to investors in comparing operating and financial results between periods. This is especially true since FFO excludes real estate depreciation and amortization, as the Company believes real estate values fluctuate based on market conditions rather than depreciating in value ratably on a straight-line basis over time. FFO on a fully diluted basis is one of the measures investors find most useful in measuring the dilutive impact of outstanding convertible securities. FFO does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP, should not be considered as an alternative to net income as defined by GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund all cash flow needs. FFO, as presented, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other real estate investment trusts. The reconciliation of FFO and FFO-diluted to net income available to common stockholders is provided below.

In compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation G and Amended Item 10 of Regulation S-K relating to non-GAAP financial measures, the Company revised its FFO definition as of January 1, 2003 and for all prior periods presented to include gain or loss on sales of peripheral land, impairment of assets, losses on debt-related transactions and the effect of SFAS 141 to amortize the above/below market leases which are recorded in minimum rents. The Company's revised definition is in accordance with the definition provided by NAREIT.

35

The inclusion of gains (losses) on sales of peripheral land included in FFO for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 were \$1.8 million (including \$0.5 million from joint ventures at pro rata) and \$0.3 million (including \$0.3 million from joint ventures at pro rata), respectively. The inclusion of gains (losses) on sales of peripheral land included in FFO for the six and three months ended June 30, 2004 were \$2.4 million (including \$2.1 million from joint ventures at pro rata) and \$1.0 million (including \$0.7 million from joint ventures at pro rata), respectively.

The following reconciles net income available to common stockholders to FFO and FFO-diluted for the six months ending June 30:

	2	2005		2	2004	
(amounts in thousands)	Shares	A	Amount Shares		Amount	
Net income—available to common stockholders		\$	24,889		\$	35,230
Adjustments to reconcile net income to FFO—basic:						
Minority interest			5,679			8,470
(Gain) loss on sale or write-down of wholly-owned assets (1,463)						(1,094)
Add: Gain on land sales—consolidated assets			1,308			334
(Gain) loss on sale or write-down of assets from unconsolidated entities						
(pro rata)			(540)			(2,083)
Add: Gain (loss) on land sales—pro rata unconsolidated entities			543			2,083
Depreciation and amortization on wholly-owned centers			91,826			69,612
Less: depreciation and amortization allocable to minority interest			(1,825)			_
Depreciation and amortization on joint ventures (pro rata)			34,748			25,133

Less: depreciation on personal property and amortization of loan costs and		(6,862)		(5,378)
interest rate caps				
FFO—basic(1)	73,089	148,303	72,569	132,307
Additional adjustments to arrive at FFO—diluted:				
Impact of convertible preferred stock	3,628	4,715	3,629	4,425
Impact of participating convertible preferred units	n/a-antidilut	ive	n/a	
Impact of stock options using the treasury method	363		397	
FFO—diluted(2)	77,080 \$	153.018	76,595 \$	136,732

The following reconciles net income available to common stockholders to FFO and FFO-diluted for the three months ending June 30:

	2005		20	2004			
(amounts in thousands)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Net income—available to common stockholders		\$ 6,747		\$ 17,113			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to FFO—basic:							
Minority interest		1,480		4,070			
(Gain) loss on sale or write-down of wholly-owned assets		141		(1,068)			
Add: Gain on land sales—consolidated assets		_		334			
(Gain) loss on sale or write-down of assets from unconsolidated entities							
(pro rata)		(254)		(668)			
Add: Gain (loss) on land sales—pro rata unconsolidated entities		258		668			
Depreciation and amortization on wholly-owned centers		54,173		35,311			
Less: depreciation and amortization allocable to minority interest		(1,404)		_			
Depreciation and amortization on joint ventures (pro rata)		17,253		12,775			
Less: depreciation on personal property and amortization of loan costs and							
interest rate caps		(3,688)		(2,699)			
FFO—basic(1)	73,235	74,706	72,827	65,836			
Additional adjustments to arrive at FFO—diluted:							
Impact of convertible preferred stock	3,628	2,358	3,628	2,213			
Impact of participating convertible preferred units	n/a-antidil	utive	n/	'a			
Impact of stock options using the treasury method	381	_	375	_			
FFO—diluted(2)	77,244	\$ 77,064	76,830	\$ 68,049			

⁽¹⁾ Calculated based upon basic net income as adjusted to reach basic FFO. As of June 30, 2005 and 2004, 14.2 million and 14.2 million of OP Units and Westcor partnership units were outstanding, respectively. The Westcor partnership units were converted into OP Units on July 27, 2004.

36

Inflation

In the last three years, inflation has not had a significant impact on the Company because of a relatively low inflation rate. Most of the leases at the Centers have rent adjustments periodically through the lease term. These rent increases are either in fixed increments or based on using an annual multiple of increases in the CPI. In addition, about 5% to 13% of the leases expire each year, which enables the Company to replace existing leases with new leases at higher base rents if the rents of the existing leases are below the then existing market rate. Additionally, historically, the majority of the leases require the tenants to pay their pro rata share of operating expenses. Recently, the Company began entering into leases that require tenants to pay a stated amount for operating expenses, generally excluding property taxes, regardless of the expenses actually incurred at any center. This change shifts the burden of cost control to the Company.

Seasonality

The shopping center industry is seasonal in nature, particularly in the fourth quarter during the holiday season when retailer occupancy and retail sales are typically at their highest levels. In addition, shopping malls achieve a substantial portion of their specialty (temporary retailer) rents during the holiday season and the majority of percentage rent is recognized in the fourth quarter. As a result of the above and the implementation of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, earnings are generally higher in the fourth quarter of each year.

37

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

⁽²⁾ The computation of FFO—diluted shares outstanding includes the effect of outstanding common stock options and restricted stock using the treasury method. On February 25, 1998, the Company sold \$100 million of its Series A Preferred Stock. On June 16, 1998, the Company sold \$150 million of its Series B Preferred Stock. On September 9, 2003, 5.5 million shares of Series B Preferred Stock were converted into common shares. The preferred stock can be converted on a one-for-one basis for common stock. The preferred shares are assumed converted for purposes of 2005 and 2004 FFO-diluted as they are dilutive to that calculation.

The Company's primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk. The Company has managed and will continue to manage interest rate risk by (1) maintaining a ratio of fixed rate, long-term debt to total debt such that variable rate exposure is kept at an acceptable level, (2) reducing interest rate exposure on certain long-term variable rate debt through the use of interest rate caps and/or swaps with appropriately matching maturities, (3) using treasury rate locks where appropriate to fix rates on anticipated debt transactions, and (4) taking advantage of favorable market conditions for long-term debt and/or equity.

The following table sets forth information as of June 30, 2005 concerning the Company's long term debt obligations, including principal cash flows by scheduled maturity, weighted average interest rates and estimated fair value ("FV"):

		For the `	Years	Ended Decen	nber	31,					
(dollars in thousands)	2005	2006		2007		2008	2009]	hereafter	Total	FV
CONSOLIDATED CENTERS:											
Long term debt:											
Fixed rate scheduled maturity	\$ 31,870	\$ 135,338	\$	138,082	\$	384,481	\$ 311,186	\$	1,484,046	\$ 2,485,003	\$ 2,624,447
Average interest rate	6.20%	6.30%		6.40%		6.30%	6.30%		7.60%	6.40%	_
Variable rate scheduled maturity	149,460	237,027		1,753,280		_	_		659,235	2,799,002	2,799,002
Average interest rate	4.90%	4.80%		4.80%		_	_		4.80%	4.80%	_
Total debt—Consolidated Centers	\$ 181,330	\$ 372,365	\$	1,891,362	\$	384,481	\$ 311,186	\$	2,143,281	\$ 5,284,005	\$ 5,423,449
JOINT VENTURE CENTERS:											
(at Company's pro rata share:)											
Fixed rate scheduled maturity	\$ 10,962	\$ 288,189	\$	131,359	\$	80,878	\$ 220,218	\$	535,729	\$ 1,267,335	\$ 1,330,602
Average interest rate	6.20%	6.30%		6.30%		6.20%	6.20%		6.30%	6.30%	_
Variable rate scheduled maturity	9,346	156,060		4,952		458	16,154		_	186,970	186,970
Average interest rate	3.80%	3.90%		4.30%		4.10%	4.20%		_	3.90%	_
Total debt—Joint Ventures	\$ 20,308	\$ 444,249	\$	136,311	\$	81,336	\$ 236,372	\$	535,729	\$ 1,454,305	\$ 1,517,572

The consolidated Centers' total fixed rate debt was \$1.8 billion at December 31, 2004 and \$2.5 billion at June 30, 2005. The average interest rate at December 31, 2004 was 6.42% and June 30, 2005 was 6.40%.

The consolidated Centers' total variable rate debt was \$1.5 billion at December 31, 2004 and \$2.8 billion at June 30, 2005. The average interest rate at December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005 was 3.89% and 4.80%, respectively.

The Company's pro rata share of the Joint Venture Centers' fixed rate debt at December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005 was \$956.4 million and \$1.3 billion, respectively. The average interest rate decreased from 6.46% in 2004 to 6.30% at June 30, 2005. The Company's pro rata share of the Joint Venture Centers' variable rate debt at December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005 was \$190.9 million and \$187.0 million, respectively. The average interest rate increased from 3.02% in 2004 to 3.90% at June 30, 2005.

The Company uses derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to manage or hedge interest rate risk and records all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The Company requires that hedging derivative instruments are effective in reducing the risk exposure that they are designated to hedge. For derivative instruments associated with the hedge of an anticipated transaction, hedge effectiveness criteria also require that it be probable that the underlying transaction occurs. Any instrument that meets these hedging criteria, and other criteria required by SFAS 133, is formally designated as a hedge at the inception of the derivative contract. When the terms of an underlying transaction are modified resulting in some ineffectiveness, the portion of the change in the derivative fair value related to ineffectiveness from period to period will be included in net income. If any derivative instrument used for risk management does not meet the hedging criteria then it is marked-to-market each period, however, generally the Company intends for all derivative transactions to meet all the hedge criteria and qualify as hedges. The Company does not plan to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

38

On an ongoing quarterly basis, the Company adjusts its balance sheet to reflect the current fair value of its derivatives. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in income or comprehensive income, depending on whether the derivative is designated and effective as part of a hedged transaction. For derivatives that do not meet the cash flow hedging criteria, the Company reflects those on the balance sheet quarterly at fair value with the difference being reflected in income. To the extent that the change in value of a derivative does not perfectly offset the change in value of the instrument being hedged, the ineffective portion of the hedge is immediately recognized in income. Over time, the unrealized gains and losses held in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified to income. This reclassification occurs when the hedged items are also recognized in income. The Company has a policy of only entering into contracts with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors.

To determine the fair value of derivative instruments, the Company uses standard market conventions and techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models, and termination cost at each balance sheet date. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

The \$250.0 million variable rate debt maturing in 2007 has an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixed the interest rate at 4.45% from November 2003 to October 13, 2005. The fair value of this swap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was \$1.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

The Company has an interest rate cap with a notional amount of \$30.0 million on their loan at La Cumbre Plaza. This interest rate cap prevents the LIBOR interest rate from exceeding 7.12%. The fair value of this cap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was zero.

The Company has an interest rate cap with a notional amount of \$92.0 million on their \$108.0 million loan on The Oaks. This interest rate cap prevents the LIBOR interest rate from exceeding 7.10%. The fair value of this cap agreement at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was zero.

The Company's East Mesa Land and Superstition Springs joint venture have an interest rate swap which converts \$12.8 million of variable rate debt with a weighted average interest rate of 3.97% to a fixed rate of 5.39%. This swap has been designated as a hedge in accordance with SFAS No. 133. Additionally, interest rate caps were simultaneously sold to offset the effect of the interest rate cap agreements. These interest rate caps do not qualify for hedge accounting in accordance with SFAS 133.

The Company's Metrocenter joint venture has an interest rate swap which converts \$16.8 million of variable rate debt with a current rate of LIBOR plus 94 basis points to a fixed rate of 4.80%. This swap has been designated as a hedge in accordance with SFAS No. 133.

In addition, the Company has assessed the market risk for its variable rate debt and believes that a 1% increase in interest rates would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$27.4 million per year based on \$2.7 billion outstanding of variable rate debt at June 30, 2005 which excludes the \$250.0 million of debt which has been swapped to a fixed rate.

The fair value of the Company's long term debt is estimated based on discounted cash flows at interest rates that management believes reflect the risks associated with long term debt of similar risk and duration.

39

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

Item 4

Controls and Procedures

Management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures or its internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their cost. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

However, based on their evaluation as of June 30, 2005, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) were effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

40

PART II

Other Information

Item 1 Legal Proceedings

None of the Company, the Operating Partnership, Macerich Property Management Company, LLC, Macerich Management Company, the Westcor Management Companies, the Wilmorite Management Companies or their respective affiliates are currently involved in any material litigation nor, to the Company's knowledge, is any material litigation currently threatened against such entities or the Centers, other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, most of which is expected to be covered by liability insurance.

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The following matters were voted upon at the Annual Meeting held on May 19, 2005:

A. The following three persons were elected as directors of the Company to serve until the annual meeting of stockholders in 2008 and until their respective successors are duly elected and qualify:

	For	Authority Withheld
Dana K. Anderson	52,676,821	1,596,506
Diana M. Laing	53,277,366	995,961
Stanley A. Moore	52,365,090	1,908,237

B. The ratification of the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's independent public accountants for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005.

Votes	
For:	53,724,478
Against:	534,756
Abstain:	14.093

Item 5 Other Information

None

Item 6 Exhibits

a. Exhibits

31.1

31.2

3.1*	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Company
3.1.1**	Articles Supplementary of the Company
3.1.2***	Articles Supplementary of the Company (Series A Preferred Stock)
3.1.3****	Articles Supplementary of the Company (Series C Junior Participating Preferred Stock)
3.1.4****	Articles Supplementary of the Company (Series D Preferred Stock)
3.1.5#	Articles Supplementary of the Company (reclassification of shares)
3.2##	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company
4.1**	Form of Common Stock Certificate
4.2####	Form of Preferred Stock Certificate (Series A Preferred Stock)
4.2.1###	Form of Preferred Stock Certificate (Series C Junior Participating Preferred Stock)
4.2.2#####	Form of Preferred Stock Certificate (Series D Preferred Stock)
4.2.3###	Form of Right Certificate
4.3###	Agreement dated as of November 10, 1998 between the Company and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A., as successor to First Chicago Trust Company of New York, as Rights Agent
10.1######	2005 Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of MACWH, LP dated as of April 25, 2005 (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).
10.2######	Tenth Amendment to the Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of The Macerich Partnership, LP (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Amendment to the SEC upon request).
10.3#####	Tax Matters Agreement
10.4######	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of April 25, 2005 among the Company and the persons named on Exhibit A thereto (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).
10.5######	\$650,000,000 Interim Loan Facility and \$450,000,000 Term Loan Facility Credit Agreement dated as of April 25, 2005 among The Macerich Partnership, LP, The Company, Macerich WRLP Corp., Macerich WRLP LLC, Macerich WRLP II Corp., Macerich WRLP II LP, Macerich TWC II Corp., Macerich TWC II LLC, Macerich Walleye LLC, IMI Walleye LLC, Walleye Retail Investments LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and various lenders (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).
	42
10.6#####	\$1,000,000,000 Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Facility Credit Agreement dated as of April 25, 2005 among The
	Macerich Partnership, LP, The Company, Macerich WRLP Corp., Macerich WRLP LLC, Macerich WRLP II Corp., Macerich WRLP II LP, Macerich TWC II Corp., Macerich TWC II LLC, Macerich Walleye LLC, IMI Walleye LLC, Walleye Retail Investments LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and various lenders (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).
10.7######	Amended and Restated \$250,000,000 Term Loan Facility Credit Agreement dated as of April 25, 2005 among The Macerich Partnership, LP, The Company, Macerich WRLP Corp., Macerich WRLP LLC, Macerich WRLP II Corp., Macerich WRLP II LP, Macerich TWC II Corp., Macerich TWC II LLC, Macerich Walleye LLC, IMI Walleye LLC, Walleye Retail Investments LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and various lenders (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request)

furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).

Section 302 Certification of Arthur Coppola, Chief Executive Officer

Section 302 Certification of Thomas O'Hern, Chief Financial Officer

	32.1	Section 906 Certification of Arthur Coppola, Chief Executive Officer and Thomas O'Hern, Chief Financial Officer
*	Previously filed as reference.	an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11, as amended (No. 33-68964), and incorporated herein by
**	Previously filed as	an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date May 30, 1995, and incorporated herein by reference.
***	Previously filed as	an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date February 25, 1998, and incorporated herein by reference.
****	Previously filed as reference.	an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998, and incorporated herein by
****	Previously filed as	an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date July 26, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference.
#	Previously filed as reference.	an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3, as amended (No. 333-88718), and incorporated herein by
##	Previously filed as by reference.	an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, and incorporated herein
###	Previously filed as by reference.	an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date November 10, 1998, as amended, and incorporated herein
####	Previously filed as	an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997, and incorporated herein by

47

Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-107063), and incorporated herein by reference.

Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date April 25, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

The Macerich Company

By: /s/ Thomas E. O'Hern

Thomas E. O'Hern Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 9, 2005

reference.

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44

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.

(a) Exhibits

Number	Description
3.1*	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Company
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	45

10.6######

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10.7######

Amended and Restated \$250,000,000 Term Loan Facility Credit Agreement dated as of April 25, 2005 among The Macerich Partnership, LP, The Company, Macerich WRLP Corp., Macerich WRLP LLC, Macerich WRLP II Corp., Macerich WRLP II LP, Macerich TWC II Corp., Macerich TWC II LLC, Macerich Walleye LLC, IMI Walleye LLC, Walleye Retail Investments LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and various lenders (The Company agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any unfiled exhibits and schedules to this Agreement to the SEC upon request).

- 31.1 Section 302 Certification of Arthur Coppola, Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification of Thomas O'Hern, Chief Financial Officer
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#####	Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-107063), and incorporated herein by reference.
######	Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, event date April 25, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference.

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Arthur M. Coppola, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 of The Macerich Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about
 the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such
 evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	August 9, 2005	/S/ Arthur M. Coppola
		[Signature]
		President and Chief Executive Officer
		[Title]

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Thomas E. O'Hern, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 of The Macerich Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about
 the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such
 evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	August 9, 2005	/s/ Thomas E. O'Hern
		[Signature]
		Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
		[Title]

THE MACERICH COMPANY (The Company)

WRITTEN STATEMENT PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

The undersigned, Arthur M. Coppola and Thomas E. O'Hern, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of The Macerich Company (the "Company"), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, hereby certify that, to the best of their knowledge:

		(i) ents of S	the Quarterly Report on F Section 13(a) and 15(d) of t		e quarter ended June 30, 2005 of the Company (the "Report") fully complies change Act of 1934; and
		(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of perations of the Company.			
Date:	August 9, 2005				_
					/S/ Arthur M. Coppola
					[Signature]
					President and Chief Executive Officer
					[Title]
					/S/ Thomas E. O'Hern
					[Signature]

[Title]

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer